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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Grade Center .......................................................................................................................... 1
- The Needs Grading Page .......................................................................................................... 1
- Exploring the Grade Center Interface ...................................................................................... 6
- Setting Up the Grade Center .................................................................................................... 13
- Creating and Managing Grade Center Columns ...................................................................... 34
- Entering Grades ....................................................................................................................... 65
- Viewing Grade Details .............................................................................................................. 71
- Including Comments With a Grade Entry ................................................................................. 73
- Overriding Grades .................................................................................................................... 74
- Deleting and Clearing Grades .................................................................................................. 77
- Calculating and Exempting Grades .......................................................................................... 78
- Sending Email From the Grade Center .................................................................................... 80
- Viewing Grade Center Statistics .............................................................................................. 81
- Using Smart Views in the Grade Center .................................................................................... 84
- Uploading or Downloading Grade Center Items for Working Offline ..................................... 99
- Working With Grade Center Reports ......................................................................................... 103
The Grade Center in Blackboard Learn is more than just a way to record students' grades. It is a dynamic and interactive tool, allowing you to record data, calculate grades, and monitor student progress. You can generate reports to communicate information to parents, administrators, and other stakeholders. You can determine which assigned grades to show to your students in My Grades, including columns displaying performance results.

In the Grade Center, you can provide and manage your students' grades for assignments, tests, discussion posts, journals, blogs, and wikis, and for ungraded items, such as surveys or self tests. You can also create grade columns for any activities or requirements you want to grade, such as special projects, participation, or attendance.

THE GRADE CENTER INTERFACE

The Grade Center resembles a spreadsheet. Each row is populated by a user in your course and each column includes information for an item, such as an assignment, test, graded blog entry, or survey. You can also use columns to calculate grades. You can provide grades and comments directly on the Grade Center page, on the Grade Details page, and from a tool, such as the discussion board.

You are able to customize your view of the Grade Center and create grading schemas, grading periods, categories, and columns to present and gather the information you need.

THE NEEDS GRADING PAGE

If you have a heavy grading load, the Needs Grading page can help you determine what needs attention first and allows you to access it quickly. You can view all items ready for grading or review on the Needs Grading page, where you can begin grading and reviewing or sort and filter columns to narrow the list. Attempts are placed in a queue for easy navigation among items.
GRADING OFFLINE

You can download and work with Grade Center data outside of the system. Then, you can upload the edited data to the Grade Center.

GRADE CENTER INTERACTIONS WITH OTHER TOOLS AND COMPONENTS

The Grade Center interacts with several tools and components in Blackboard Learn. Understanding how and where these interactions happen provides a comprehensive view of the Grade Center and helps users take full advantage of this tool.

The following table explains how the Grade Center interacts with other tools and components.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tool/Component</th>
<th>Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Course Content</strong></td>
<td>When you create gradable items in your course, such as gradable journals, blogs, wikis, discussion posts, tests, and assignments, a grade column is created automatically in the Grade Center. For example, when you create a journal, you can select the grading option. A grade column is created automatically in the Grade Center with the name of the journal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retention Center</strong></td>
<td>The Retention Center provides an easy way for you to discover which students in your course are at risk. Based on preconfigured rules and rules you create, students’ engagement and participation are visually displayed, quickly alerting you to potential risk. From the Retention Center, you can communicate with struggling students and help them take immediate action for improvement. For example, you can create a rule to list students who score below 60 percent on an exam. Then, you can send an email to each student to offer help or set a meeting time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>My Grades</strong></td>
<td>Students view their course grades in My Grades. Grades are available by default, but you may choose to make a grade or grades unavailable in the settings for each column.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Report Card module</strong></td>
<td>Students can include the Report Card module on their My WTC class tabs. The module displays each course’s external grade in the Grade Center. The external grade is the grade column chosen by an instructor to use for the final grade, such as the total column. External grades are shared with your institution to report students' grades for your course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Performance Dashboard</strong></td>
<td>The Performance Dashboard tool provides an up-to-date report with pertinent information about all users and their progress and activity in your course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Email tool</strong></td>
<td>You can use the email tool in the Grade Center to send email messages to students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>External data from other grading systems</strong></td>
<td>You can export and import data to the Grade Center by uploading and downloading delimited files.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ACCESSING THE GRADE CENTER

You access the Grade Center from the Control Panel. Expand the Grade Center section to display the links to the Needs Grading page, the Full Grade Center, and the Smart Views. Click the link for Full Grade Center.

The Needs Grading link allows you to view individual assignment, group assignment, and test attempts, as well as blog and journal entries, wiki page saves, and discussion posts ready for grading or review.

The Full Grade Center link displays all columns and rows in the Grade Center and is the default view of the Grade Center.

The smart view links appear as an indented list in the Full Grade Center section. A smart view is a focused look at the Grade Center and shows only the data that matches a set of criteria. You can use smart views to quickly find data when the Grade Center includes a great number of students and columns. For example, the default Tests smart view displays only test columns. You can create customized smart views and remove unneeded smart views. Click a smart view link to open the Grade Center using that view.

ABOUT THE NEEDS GRADING PAGE

You can view individual assignment, group assignment, and test attempts, as well as blog and journal entries, wiki page saves, and discussion posts ready for grading or review on the Needs Grading page. For courses with many enrolled students and gradable items, you can use the information and functions on the Needs Grading page to determine and organize your grading tasks. If you have a designated turnaround time set for all gradable items, the Needs Grading page allows you to customize the view of items with a needs grading status. You can sort and filter the list, allowing you to grade the most urgent items first. For example, you can sort by due date to ensure your final tests are graded by your institution's deadline.
THE NEEDS GRADING PAGE

Access the Needs Grading page in the Grade Center section of the Control Panel.

A. Click Grade All on the action bar to begin grading and reviewing immediately. The Grade All function places all attempts in a queue for easy navigation among items. The items in the queue appear in the order they appear on the Needs Grading page.


B. Sort columns to organize your list. To sort a column, click the column heading or caret. The sorted list remains in effect until you change it or log out. The following columns appear on the Needs Grading page:

   • Category: Sort attempts to group all assignments or tests together.
   • Item Name: Sort attempts by alphabetical order or reverse alphabetical order.
   • User Attempt: Sort attempts by a student's name. The number of attempts for the item is listed in parentheses. For example: "Mary Johnson (Attempt 1 of 2)." Click a user's name to go directly to the attempt.
   • Date Submitted: Sort attempts by the date and time students submitted the attempts. You may find this useful when a large number of attempts must be graded by a specific deadline.
   • Due Date: If you provided a due date when the item was created, sort attempts by due date and grade items that are due first.

C. Apply filters to narrow the list by Category, Item, User, and Date Submitted. If you apply a filter, only the filtered items appear in the list and in the queue. For example, make selections in both the Category and User drop-down lists to display tests submitted by a particular user. Click Go
to display the filtered items on the Needs Grading page. The filtered list remains in effect until you edit the filter choices or log out. Click the X to collapse the Filter field.

D. The total number of items to grade appears above the list of items. After you grade attempts, they do not appear on the Needs Grading page and the number of items updates to reflect the current number that needs to be graded. If you filter the list, the number reflects how many items match the current filter settings. For example, "12 of 17 total items match current filter."

E. Access an item's contextual menu and make a selection. For assignments, you can select Grade All Users or Grade Anonymously. For tests, you can also select Grade by Question and View Attempts. Interactive items such as blogs, journals, wikis, and discussion posts, which can be set to go into needs grading status after a certain number of activities, also have the option to Reset All, which clears that activity counter and moves the item out of Needs Grading status. A total number of attempts for the selected item is listed in parentheses. For interactive tools such as blogs, journals, wikis, and discussions, you can determine how many entries or posts users must make before an item goes into needs grading status. For these items, you can Reset All to clear the activity counter and move the item out of needs grading status. The total number of attempts for the selected item is listed in parentheses.

F. Click Show All to display up to 1,000 items on one page. Click Edit Paging to change the number of items to view per page.
EXPLORING THE GRADE CENTER INTERFACE

The Grade Center consists of rows and columns of student information and gradable items. Cells in the grid contain data specific to corresponding students.

The appearance of the Grade Center is completely configurable.

THE GRADE CENTER INTERFACE

A. **Action bar**: Rows preceding the grid information containing functions and drop-down lists specific to the current page, such as Create Column, Manage, Filter, Email, Sort Columns By, and Order.

B. **Grade Information Bar**: Information about a selected column, such as type of grade and points possible. Point to a Grade Center column title and details appear in the area preceding the grid and following the action bar. In this same row, you can view when data was last saved.

C. **Grid/spreadsheet**: Columns, rows, and cells that make up the current view of the Grade Center data.

D. **Scroll bars**: Use the horizontal and vertical scroll bars to navigate through the Grade Center columns and rows. When you navigate to another course area and return to the Grade Center, you will see the same rows and columns on the page from the last visit. The view remains in effect until you use the scroll bars again or log out.

E. **Icon Legend**: Explanation of the symbols used in the columns and cells.

F. **Edit Rows Displayed**: You can change the number of rows appearing in the grid. In the box, type a number between 5 and 50, and click Go.
ABOUT THE GRADE CENTER ACTION BAR

You can perform many actions in the Grade Center using the functions appearing in two rows on the action bar.

The following functions appear in the first row of the action bar.

- **Create Column**: Click to create a grade column.
- **Create Calculated Column**: Access a drop-down list with options for creating calculated columns.
- **Manage**: Access the drop-down list with options for managing the Grade Center. The options include:
  - **Grading Periods**: A set of Grade Center columns that have been grouped based on a shared characteristic, such as a period of time.
  - **Grading Schemas**: A grading schema takes the actual points scored on a graded item and compares it to the total points possible for that item to derive a percentage. This percentage is mapped to a range of scores for grade displays, such as A, B, and C or Pass/Fail.
  - **Grading Color Codes**: User-defined rules to apply color to the cells in the Grade Center grid, either by grade or status. Color coding the Grade Center provides visual indicators to help you interpret information quickly.
  - **Categories**: Classifications of columns containing similar items, such as "Tests" or "Assignments," used to organize and view Grade Center data.
  - **Smart Views**: Custom made views of Grade Center data created by instructors and saved for continued use.
  - **Column Organization**: Page displaying a table view of the Grade Center with functions to change the order and visibility of columns. From this page, you can also assign columns to grading periods and categories. Changes you make on this page are for your view of the Grade Center only and do not change which columns appear to students in My Grades.
  - **Row Visibility**: You can hide user rows to reduce the number of rows in the Grade Center grid and help you focus on specific data.
  - **Send Email**: The Send Email page appears.
- **Reports**: Create reports from Grade Center data and access the grade history for all students.
• **Filter**: To narrow your view of the Grade Center data, click **Filter** to expand the field and select an option from the following drop-down lists:

In some instances, you can make another selection in an additional drop-down list to further narrow the columns and users that appear in the grid. For example, after selecting the **Assignment** category, you can select the **Needs Grading** status and only view the columns and users containing assignments that need to be graded. The category or status you choose to view in the grid remains in effect until you change it or log out.

Click the X to close the **Filter** field.

  o **Current View**: Includes the **Full Grade Center** view, **Smart Views**, and **Grading Periods**. You can select one of the views to use as the default view by clicking **Set Current View as Default** next to the **Current View** drop-down list. When you log out and return to your course later, the view you selected as the default appears in the grid. You can select other views from the **Current View** drop-down list at any time.

  o **Category**: Includes all default categories and any you have created.

  o **Status**: Includes the following grading statuses:
    - All Statuses
    - Completed
    - Edited Manually
    - Exempt
    - In progress
    - Needs Grading
    - Not attempted

• **Work Offline**: Access features that allow you to work with Grade Center data outside of Blackboard Learn.

The following functions appear in the *second row* of the action bar.

• **Move to Top**: Select one or multiple check boxes for users and click **Move to Top** to move the rows to the first positions in the grid.

• **Email**: Select one or multiple check boxes for users and click **Email** to display the options of sending to users, observers, or users and observers. After selecting an option, the **Send Email** page appears.

• **Sort Columns By**: Access a drop-down list that allows you to sort the Grade Center items. You can sort by:
  - Layout Position (default)
  - Categories
  - Due Date
  - Date Created
- Points Possible
- Display Name

- **Order:** Sort the data in Ascending or Descending order.
  
  *NOTE:* The view remains in effect until you sort columns again or log out.

**ACCESSING GRADE CENTER MENUS USING ACTION LINKS**

Throughout Blackboard Learn, items that are acted upon by users have contextual menus associated with them. A contextual menu displays options that are available and specific for that item.

In the Grade Center, all cells and column headers have a contextual menu. For example, a test column's contextual menu includes options for **Column Statistics** and **Grade Questions**. For a non-grade column, such as **First Name**, you only have the options of hiding the column and sorting the cells. If an option does not appear in the contextual menu, you cannot perform the action on that column, row, or cell.
Each column's contextual menu displays options that are available and specific for that column. The following options are just some that may be available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quick Column Information</td>
<td>Displays information about the column in a pop-up window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade Attempts</td>
<td>Provide a grade for an attempt made for this item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade Anonymously</td>
<td>Provide grades for this item without knowing the identity of each user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Analysis</td>
<td>Provides statistics on overall test performance and individual test questions. This data helps you recognize questions that might be poor discriminators of student performance. Use this information to improve questions for future test administrations or to adjust credit on current attempts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attempts Statistics</td>
<td>Displays the Statistics page for tests and surveys. Each question for a test or survey appears, along with its score information for tests or percent answered for surveys. On the Survey Statistics page, you can view the survey results. The percentage of students who selected each answer appears. You cannot view individual results for surveys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Download Results</td>
<td>Allows you to download Grade Center data for this column as a delimited file that is used in other applications, such as spreadsheet programs or statistical analysis programs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View All Attempts</td>
<td>Displays the View All Attempts page for tests. From this page, you can grade the attempts, grade them anonymously, or grade by question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade Questions</td>
<td>Provide grades for all of the responses for a specific question at one time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment File Download</td>
<td>Allows you to select and download files students have attached to their assignments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment File Cleanup</td>
<td>Allows you to select and delete the files attached to an assignment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Column Information</td>
<td>Displays the Edit Column page for this column.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Column Statistics</td>
<td>Displays the Column Statistics page for this column. The following appears: Column details, status distribution, grade distribution, and basic statistics, such as range, average, median, and variance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set as External Grade</td>
<td>The results in the External Grade column are shared with your institution as your students’ grades for your course. You decide which column is set as the external grade. In new courses, the default Total column is the default external grade column, and the external grade icon appears in the column header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide from Students (on/off)</td>
<td>Show or hide this column from students. If you hide the column, the column remains in the Grade Center grid, but your students will not see it in My Grades. In the grid, the Column Not Visible to Users icon appears in the column header for any column hidden from students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear Attempts for All Users</td>
<td>Displays a separate window for clearing attempts for all users. You can clear attempts based on criteria or a date range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sort Ascending</td>
<td>Display the items in the column in an ascending order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sort Descending</td>
<td>Display the items in the column in a descending order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide from Instructor View</td>
<td>Hides the column from the instructors view in the Grade Center. To show the column, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list and select Column Organization.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CONTEXTUAL MENU OPTIONS FOR CELLS**

To see the contextual menu for a cell in the Grade Center grid, move your mouse pointer over the cell. Click the arrow icon to access the contextual menu.

When you access the contextual menu for a user’s name cell, you have options to hide a user’s row, hide other rows to focus your attention on one row, or email a user. You can view which items are visible to a user based on availability and adaptive release rules or which items a user marked reviewed. You can also view the User Statistics page which provides statistical information related to a user’s performance.

**HOW TO MAKE THE GRADE CENTER ACCESSIBLE**

To make the Grade Center accessible to as many people as possible, the Grade Center has two different modes, Interactive and Screen Reader.

- **Interactive Mode**: Grade Center default setting. You can freeze columns and type grades directly in the cells—called inline editing.
- **Screen Reader Mode**: Grade Center data appears in a simplified grid. The table is static and you type grades on the Grade Details page accessed from the cell’s contextual menu. You cannot freeze columns or edit inline, making it easier to navigate by keystroke and accommodate...
screen readers. When the Grade Center is first accessed by users with screen readers, users are immediately given a choice whether to use this non-interactive view before progressing any further. (It is best to turn on Screen Reader Mode when using an iPad to access the Grade Center.)

In both modes, you can do the following:

- Move the mouse pointer from column to column using the tab key.
- Navigate the cells using the up, down, left, and right arrow keys on a standard keyboard.

Use the following steps to change to Screen Reader Mode.

1. Access the Grade Center.
2. Access the contextual menu for the Grade Center heading.
3. Select Turn Screen Reader Mode on.

This setting is not saved across sessions. It lasts only as long as the current session. After you log out, the view defaults back to Interactive Mode.
SETTING UP THE GRADE CENTER

You already know you invest a great deal of time planning and creating lessons, matching lessons with learning objectives, and then assessing whether those objectives have been met. Assessing learning objectives is accomplished in many different ways—through exams, projects, papers, group work, participation, and more. Assigning value to student work and configuring a grading schema to display grades to students is unique for every instructor and for every course.

CUSTOMIZING THE GRADE CENTER

All Grade Center functions are initiated on the Grade Center page. This view is customizable, allowing you to sort items in ways to maximize efficiency and to view student information with a minimum of scrolling. You can also create rules to apply color to the cells in the Grade Center grid, either by grade or status. Color rules provide visual indicators to help you interpret information quickly.

You can customize your view using grading periods, creating additional categories and moving columns to them, and showing or hiding columns in the Grade Center to reduce scrolling. You also can customize a grading schema to interpret Grade Center scores.

By default, the columns for students’ first and last names appear first. Columns for gradable items and calculations of those items appear across the page. You decide which columns appear and in what order. Icons appear in cells and headings to signify the availability of students, the visibility of items to students, and the status of gradable items.

The Grade Center is populated with students when they are enrolled in your course or section.

ABOUT GRADING SCHEMAS

In the Grade Center, when an item is graded, a numeric score appears in the students' cells by default. You can choose to display grades in other ways by using grading schemas. A grading schema takes the actual points scored on a graded item and compares it to the total points possible for that item to derive a percentage. This percentage is mapped to a range of scores and displays a grade, such as a letter (A, B, C) or Pass/Fail. This information is presented in a table format.

The Grade Center includes a copy of a default grading schema based on assigning letters to the percentages.

You can associate the default grading schema with an individual column or multiple columns in the Grade Center. When you grade items, the grade values (letters) appear in the cells in the Grade Center grid and to students in My Grades.

You can edit an existing grading schema and save the changes within your course. For example, you can lower the percentages needed to achieve an A, B, C, and so on. You can also create additional schemas.
to reflect the multiple ways you want to grade throughout your course. New schemas and any edits to existing schemas only appear in the course you are in. You can create as many schemas as needed.

After creation, a grading schema is included as an option in the Primary and Secondary Display drop-down lists when creating and editing columns in the Grade Center. Default grading schemas in the drop-down lists include: Score, Letter (A, B, C), and Percentage.

**Example:** Letter Grading Schema

For a quiz, a student’s raw numeric score is 88 out of 100 points possible. In a grading schema in which a percentage of 80 to less than 90 equals a B, a student’s score of 88 results in a B. In the quiz’s Grade Center column, a B is displayed. If you release the column’s grades to students, letter grades appear in My Grades.

**Example:** Text Grading Schema

For a quiz, a student’s raw numeric score is 78 out of 100 points possible. You create a grading schema based on text terms, such as Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor. A student’s score of 78 results in Good. In the quiz’s Grade Center column, the term Good appears. If you release the column’s grades to students, the text terms appear in My Grades.

**HOW TO CREATE GRADING SCHEMAS**

Each new course has a default letter grading schema. You can create additional grading schemas to reflect the multiple ways you want to grade throughout your course. You can create as many schemas as needed. Any schemas you create in your course can only be used in the course you create them in.

**Example:**

For group projects, you can create a grading schema that differs from the grading schema for assignments submitted by individuals. You can use lower percentages for the same letter grade as other assignments.

Use the following steps to create a customized grading schema in your course.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Grading Schemas.
3. On the **Grading Schemas** page, click **Create Grading Schema** on the action bar.

4. On the **Create Grading Schema** page, type a **Name**. The name appears on the **Grading Schemas** page and in the drop-down lists for **Primary Display** and **Secondary Display** when creating or editing columns in the Grade Center.

5. Optionally, provide a **Description**. The description appears on the **Grading Schema** page and can assist with identifying the schema.

6. In the **Schema Mapping** section, two default rows appear with ranges of percentages. You can edit the two ranges to customize a Pass/Fail schema.

**Example**: Pass/Fail

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades Scored Between</th>
<th>Will Equal</th>
<th>Grades Manually Entered as</th>
<th>Will Calculate as</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 % and 100 %</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>75 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 % and Less Than 50%</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To create other types of grading schemas:

- Click **Insert New Row Here**—represented by a left-pointing arrow—to insert more rows for additional values. For example, if you are using A, B, C, D, and F for your grades, you need five rows in the table.

- Click **Delete Row** to remove a row from the table. At least one row must remain.

- In the **Grades Scored Between** boxes, type percentage ranges for the grade values. The percentage range for each grade value must be unique and begin with the lesser value listed first. Also, the values must overlap to avoid gaps that occur when a score falls between two numbers in a range. The range of 80 – 90% includes all grades up to, but not including 90%. The top range does include 100%.

  **NOTE**: You cannot use the dash symbol as an entry. The dash represents a null value.

  **Example**:
  
  A = 90 – 100%
  B = 80 – 90%
  C = 70 – 80%
  D = 60 – 70%
  F = 0 – 60%

- In the **Will Equal** boxes, type the grade values, such as:
- A, B, C, D, and F
- 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5
- Pass and Fail
- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory
- Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor

Note: Duplicate grade values are not allowed.

- In the **Will Calculate** as boxes, type the percentage values to use if you provide a grade manually. The percentages must fall between the corresponding range of percentages in the first column. For example, grades you score manually as **A** (90 – 100%) will be calculated as 95%. For an item with 100 points possible, if you change the grading schema from letter grades to numeric scores, 95 is displayed as the grade in the cell instead of **A**.

7. Click **Submit**.

You can associate the new grading schema with an individual column or multiple columns in the Grade Center.

**HOW TO EDIT GRADING SCHEMAS**

You can edit existing grading schemas in your course. The Grade Center includes a copy of a default grading schema based on assigning letters to percentages. If you choose to display students’ scores as letter grades, you can edit the default letter schema. The edits you make to a grading schema only appear in the course you make the edits in.

If you want to retain the default grading schema, you can copy it and edit the values.

Use the following steps to edit a grading schema in your course.

1. In the Grade Center, point to **Manage** on the action bar to access the drop-down list.

2. Select **Grading Schemas**.

3. On the **Grading Schemas** page, access a schema’s contextual menu.
4. Select **Edit**.

5. On the **Edit Grading Schema** page, type a new **Name** and optional **Description**. The name appears on the **Grading Schemas** page and in the drop-down lists for **Primary Display** and **Secondary Display** when creating and editing columns in the Grade Center. The description appears on the **Grading Schema** page and can assist with identifying the grading schema.

6. In the **Schema Mapping** section:
   - Tip: Start from the top and edit the values for the first grade value and move to the next row. Then, delete or insert rows needed. If you navigate to another course area without saving a grading schema, any unsaved changes are lost.
   - Click **Insert New Row Here**—represented by a left-pointing arrow—to insert more rows for additional values.
   - Click **Delete Row** to remove a row from the table. At least one row must remain.
   - In the **Grades Scored Between** boxes, type the new percentage ranges for the grade values. The percentage range for each grade value must be unique and begin with the lesser value listed first. Also, the values must overlap to avoid gaps that occur when a score falls between two numbers in a range. The range of 80 – 90% includes all grades up to, but not including 90%. The top range does include 100%.
     
     **NOTE**: You cannot use the dash symbol as an entry. The dash represents a null value.
   
   - In the **Will Equal** boxes, type the new grade values.
     **NOTE**: Duplicate grade values are not allowed.
   
   - In the **Will Calculate** as boxes, type the new percentage values to use if you provide a grade manually. The percentages must fall between the corresponding range of percentages in the first column. For example, grades you score manually as **A** (90 – 100%) will be calculated as 95%. For an item with 100 points possible, if you change the grading schema from letter grades to numeric scores, 95 is displayed as the grade in the cell instead of **A**.

7. Click **Submit**.

You can associate the edited grading schema with an individual column or multiple columns in the Grade Center.

If you associate a grading schema with columns in the Grade Center and edit the schema, the changes appear automatically in the Grade Center. For example, you can edit a text grading schema and change **Excellent** to **Superior**. In the Grade Center column, any instances of **Excellent** now appear as **Superior**.
HOW TO COPY OR DELETE GRADING SCHEMAS

You can copy or delete existing grading schemas in the Grade Center. For example, if you want to make minor changes to the default letter grading schema, you can retain it by copying it and editing it.

COPYING GRADING SCHEMAS

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Grading Schemas.
3. On the Grading Schemas page, access a schema’s contextual menu.
4. Select Copy.
5. The copied schema appears in the list with a number appended to the name, such as Letter (2).

DELETING GRADING SCHEMAS

NOTE: You can delete the default letter grading schema only if it is not currently associated with a Grade Center column. If no letter grading schema exists, Letter will not be an option in the Primary or Secondary Display drop-down lists when associating schemas to columns.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Grading Schemas.
3. On the Grading Schemas page, select one or multiple schemas' check boxes.
   Note: If no check box exists for a schema, you have associated it with a Grade Center column.
4. On the action bar, click Delete. Alternatively, select Delete from a schema’s contextual menu.
5. A warning appears stating: This action is final and cannot be undone. Click OK to delete the schema.
**HOW TO ASSOCIATE GRADING SCHEMAS**

When you create or edit grade columns, you select a grading schema in the Primary and Secondary Display drop-down lists. The schema you select as the Primary Display displays the grade value in the Grade Center and to students in My Grades. The Secondary Display grade value appears in parentheses only in the Grade Center, next to the Primary Display. The secondary grade value does not appear to students.

1. Access the Grade Center.
2. To associate a schema, click the appropriate column header to access the contextual menu.
3. Select **Edit Column Information**.

![Edit Column Information](image)

4. On the **Edit Column** page, make a selection in the **Primary Display** drop-down list.

If you create a customized grading schema, it appears in the list. Five default options appear:

- **Score**: A numeric grade appears in the column. This is the default setting. If you do not make a selection, the score appears in the grid.
- **Letter**: A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
- **Text**: Text appears in the column when a text grading schema is created. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor –OR- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If no text grading schema exists, and you select the **Text** option, you are allowed to type text in the column’s cells. If you choose to share the column results with students in **My Grades**, they will see the text values for their grades.

  **NOTE**: When you convert a numeric score to text without defining a text grading schema, and then return to numeric scoring, values that cannot be converted display a zero after conversion. Therefore, if you want to include text as grades, Blackboard recommends creating a text grading schema and associating it with the appropriate columns.

- **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70%.
• Complete/Incomplete: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✓) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

NOTE: If you use this grading schema for an assessment column, when a student starts an assessment, a check mark appears in the column with the Attempt in Progress icon (✓). The Attempt in Progress icon is removed when a student submits the assessment.

5. Optionally, make a selection in the Secondary Display drop-down list. The default setting is None. The same options appear in this list with the exception of the option chosen as the Primary Display and Text. The default Text option does not appear for grade columns as you cannot edit a secondary value from a grade column’s cell. If you create a customized grading schema based on text and have not used it as the Primary Display, it appears in the list. In the Grade Center column, the secondary grade value appears in parentheses. The secondary grade value does not appear to students.

NOTE: For self-assessments, you cannot define a Secondary Display because the Primary Display is Complete/Incomplete.

6. Click Submit.

In the Grade Center grid, you see the chosen grade displays. If you do not choose a grade display for a column, only the default score appears.

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit 2 Quiz</th>
<th>Group Project</th>
<th>Unit 3 Quiz</th>
<th>Surveys: What did</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>A- (93.33%)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>A- (93.33%)</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>A- (93.33%)</td>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

ABOUT CATEGORIES

In the Grade Center, you can use categories to group related columns together and organize the data.

With categories, you can:
Filter your view of the Grade Center. For example, you can filter using the Assignment category and view only assignment columns in the Grade Center grid.

Calculate grades. For example, you can assign a weight to a category when calculating final grades using a weighted column.

Create a smart view. Smart views are views of the Grade Center based on a variety of student criteria. For example, you can generate a smart view that only displays columns associated with the test category.

Create a report. You can create a printable report that displays statistics of performance for all of the columns in a certain category.

By default, the following categories are created in the Grade Center:

- Assignment
- Blog
- Discussion board
- Journal
- Self and Peer Assessment
- Survey
- Test
- Wiki (when the tool is available and a wiki has been created)

When you create a gradable item from the preceding list, a grade column is created automatically for the item in the Grade Center. The column is associated automatically to the appropriate category.

**Example:**

You create a gradable discussion forum titled “Week 1 Discussion.” A grade column with that name is included in the Grade Center. The column is associated automatically to the Discussion category.

You cannot edit the name and description or delete seven of the default categories, but you can move a column from one category to another category. When they appear, you are allowed to edit the name and the description of the SafeAssignment and Wiki categories, but you cannot delete them. You can also create an unlimited number of categories to organize grades. You manually associate columns to categories on the Column Organization page or by editing an individual column's settings.

**HOW TO CREATE AND MANAGE CATEGORIES**

You can create as many categories as needed to organize your Grade Center data. The *Categories* page in the Grade Center displays the default categories and any you create. Each category’s row displays an optional description and the grade columns associated with that particular category.

*Tip:* When you create a grade column, you can associate it with a category. If you do not,
it defaults to No Category. You can also create custom categories before manually creating grade columns. Then, when you create a grade column, you can select the appropriate custom category. For example, you can create a Group category and associate the group participation and attendance grade columns to it.

After you create a new category, you can do the following:

- Associate new columns to the category when creating the columns.
- Move existing columns to the category.

Use the following steps to create a category.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Categories.
3. On the Categories page, click Create Category on the action bar.
4. On the Create Category page, type the category Name and an optional Description. The description can help differentiate categories and explain a category’s purpose.
5. Click Submit.

SORTING, EDITING, AND DELETING CATEGORIES

On the Categories page, you can sort the list, and edit and delete categories you created. You cannot edit the name and description or delete seven of the default categories. When they appear, you are allowed to edit the name and the description of the Wiki category, but you cannot delete it.
To sort the Title column, click the column heading or caret. If many categories exist, click Show All to display all categories on one page. Click Edit Paging to change the number of items to view per page.

To edit or delete a category you created, access its contextual menu and select Edit or Delete. Alternatively, select one or multiple check boxes or select the check box in the header row and click Delete on the action bar. You cannot delete a category that has columns associated with it.

HOW TO VIEW A CATEGORY AND ASSOCIATE COLUMNS

In the Grade Center, you can view the columns associated with a category in two ways. You can filter the view of the Grade Center and select a category, or you can view all categories and associated columns on the Column Organization page. If you did not associate columns with a category when created, you can manually associate columns on the Column Organization page or when editing a column’s settings. For example, you can create a category for a group project and associate the columns that pertain.

USING THE FILTER FUNCTION

1. In the Grade Center, click Filter on the action bar to expand the Filter field.
2. In the Category drop-down list, select a category. The columns associated with the category appear in the grid. The view remains in the Grade Center until you change it or close your browser.
3. Click the X to collapse the Filter field.
On the Column Organization page, you can:

- Move one or more columns to a category, a different category, or no category.
- Show and hide columns in the Grade Center grid.
- Change the order of grading period tables and columns.

Use the following steps to view and associate columns with your categories.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Column Organization.
3. On the Column Organization page, view each column’s association in the Category column. To sort a column, access the column’s contextual menu and set an ascending or descending order.
4. To move a column to a category, a different category, or no category, select its check box. For example, you can move a column from the Discussions category to a category named Extra Credit. Select multiple check boxes to move multiple columns to a category in one action.
5. On the action bar, point to the Change Category to… drop-down list and make a selection.
6. Click Submit. If you try to navigate away from this page without clicking Submit, a pop-up window warns you to save the changes.

After submitting, the column is associated with the new category or no category, and the change appears in the Category column.
HOW TO ASSOCIATE COLUMNS MANUALLY

You can also associate a column with a category, a different category, or no category by editing the column's settings from the Grade Center grid.

1. In the Grade Center, access the appropriate column header’s contextual menu.

2. Select **Edit Column Information**.

3. On the **Edit Column** page, make a selection from the **Category** drop-down list in the **Column Information** section.

4. Click **Submit**.

After submitting, the column is associated with the new category or no category, and the change appears in the Category column on the Column Organization page.
HOW TO HIDE AND SHOW USERS IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can hide user rows to reduce the number of rows in the Grade Center grid and help you focus on specific data. When you hide user rows, the data is retained and you can show them at any time. You can hide user rows using the hide functions in a user’s contextual menu or from the Row Visibility page. On the Row Visibility page, you can also show hidden user rows.

NOTE: If you have made a user unavailable on the Users page, the User Unavailable icon (☐) appears in the user’s first cell in the Grade Center. However, the row is not hidden in the grid. Unavailable users cannot access your course.

HIDE USER ROWS USING THE CONTEXTUAL MENU

1. In the Grade Center, move your mouse pointer over a student’s name cell to access its contextual menu.

2. Select Hide Other Rows to remove all but the user’s row from view.
   -OR-
   Select Hide Row to hide the user’s row.

3. When hiding one user’s row, a message appears stating that the row has been successfully hidden.
   If you chose to hide all but one user’s row, show all rows again by selecting Show All Rows in the user’s contextual menu.

SHOW/HIDE USERS ON THE ROW VISIBILITY PAGE

On the Row Visibility page, you can show one or more hidden user rows. You can also hide multiple user rows simultaneously. Hiding or showing rows on this page only affects your view of the Grade Center grid and does not affect student availability.

To sort a column, click the column heading. For example, click the Status column heading to sort the column so all hidden users appear first in the list.

1. On the action bar, point to Manage to access the drop-down list.
2. **Select Row Visibility.**

   ![Row Visibility selection](image)

3. On the **Row Visibility** page, select the check boxes for the users to show or hide. Select the check box in the header row to select all users.

4. On the action bar, click **Hide Users** or **Show Users**.

   ![Hide and Show Users](image)

5. Click **Submit**.

User rows that are hidden appear in *italic* text and do not appear in the Grade Center grid.

**HOW TO COLOR CODE THE GRADE CENTER**

You are able to create rules to apply color to the cells in the Grade Center grid, either by grade or status. Creating color rules in the Grade Center provides visual indicators to help you interpret information quickly. For example, you can use yellow to highlight graded items with failing scores so students and columns that require attention are prominent. Also, you can assign colors to the following grading statuses: **In Progress**, **Needs Grading**, or **Exempt**.

By default, color coding is not enabled in the Grade Center, and to use color coding you need to enable it in any Grade Center view. After you define and save the color rules, the color coding applies to all views. This setting persists when the course is copied and restored.

**NOTE:** If you create a rule that contains some of the same information as another rule, the system generates a warning, allowing you to edit your criteria.

1. On the **Control Panel**, expand the **Grade Center** section and select a **Full Grade Center**.
2. On the action bar, point to Manage to access the drop-down list.
3. Select Grading Color Codes.
4. On the Grading Color Codes page, select the check box for Enable Grading Color Codes.
5. In the Color Coding Options section:
   - If you wish to enable color coding for each Grading Status,
     a. Click the down pointing arrows icon in the Background Color column to access the Swatch Color box.
     b. In the Swatch Color box, select a color
     c. Click Apply to save it.
   - In the Grade Ranges section:
     a. Click Add Criteria to create a color rule.
     b. In the Criteria drop-down, select Between, More Than, or Less Than.
     c. Type a percentage in the box or boxes.
     d. For Background Color and Text, click the down pointing arrows icon to access the Swatch Color box.
     e. Select a color and click Apply to save it.
     f. Click Add Criteria to create an additional Grade Ranges field.
6. Click Submit.

NOTE: The Grade Ranges section allows you to preview your color choices in the Indicator Preview column. If you do not approve of a color choice, click the Reset icon —represented by two circling arrows.
The Grade Center page appears with a success message stating that the color coding is updated. Colors based on your rules appear in the affected cells.

MANAGING GRADING COLOR CODES IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can choose to turn color coding on and off or edit the color rules you created. After you enable color coding, the Hide/Show Color Coding function appears on the action bar in the Grade Center.

HOW TO TURN COLOR CODING ON AND OFF

In any view of the Grade Center, click Hide Color Coding on the action bar to remove all defined colors from the cells. The color rules are retained.

Click Show Color Coding on the action bar to reapply the defined color to the affected cells.
HOW TO EDIT GRADING COLOR CODES

At any time, you can edit the colors chosen or delete existing criteria. You can also create additional criteria.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Grading Color Codes.
3. On the Grading Color Codes page, clear the check box for Enable Grading Color Codes to remove all defined color from the cells in the Grade Center. The color rules you created remain on the Grading Color Codes page and you can reapply them at any time by selecting this check box again.

   NOTE: When you disable color coding, no function for showing or hiding color coding appears on the Grade Center action bar.

4. Select a new color or click the Reset icon ( )—represented by two circling arrows—to remove a color rule.

5. Edit existing Grade Ranges criteria.

   NOTE: You can preview your color choices in the Indicator Preview column.

6. Click Delete Criteria to remove existing criteria. Removing criteria is final. Click OK in the pop-up window to verify the deletion.

7. Click Add Criteria to create an additional Grade Ranges field.

8. Click Submit.
ABOUT ORGANIZING THE GRADE CENTER DATA

The Column Organization page allows you to view all the columns in the Grade Center on one page. You can quickly reorder the columns, and the changes you make appear in the Grade Center grid.

On this page, each column in the Grade Center grid becomes a row. For example, the Last Name column in the grid becomes the Last Name row on the Column Organization page. The first column in the grid is the first row on this page. The order of rows on this page is the same as the order of columns in the grid.

On this page, you can organize the Grade Center columns in the following ways:

- Reorder columns quickly using the drag-and-drop function.
- Freeze or unfreeze columns in the first table. If you freeze a column, it remains stationary when scrolling through the Grade Center view.
- Hide or show multiple columns.
- Change a grade column's category or grading period.

Changes you make on this page do not affect what students see in My Grades. For example, if you choose to hide a column on this page, the column is only hidden from your view in the Grade Center grid. You must edit an existing column’s settings to hide a column from students in My Grades or select Hide to Students (on/off) in a column's contextual menu. In the Grade Center grid, the Column Not Visible to Users icon ()]) appears in the column header for any column hidden from students.

HOW TO ACCESS THE COLUMN ORGANIZATION PAGE

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Column Organization.

UNDERSTANDING THE COLUMN ORGANIZATION PAGE

On the Column Organization page, the rows are organized in tables. You can move most rows to any table, and you can reorder grading period tables.

- The first table holds rows that pertain to user information, and you cannot move them into another table. You can reorder the rows in this table.
- The last table holds rows that are not associated with user information. You can reorder the rows in this table.
A. Use the functions on the action bar to show or hide columns, move columns to categories and grading periods, remove columns from categories and grading periods, or move columns into the first and last tables. Select one or multiple columns’ check boxes and make a selection from a drop-down list. Hidden columns do not appear in the Grade Center grid, but all data is retained. You can show hidden columns at any time.

**NOTE:** From the Grade Center grid, you can also hide a column using its contextual menu and selecting **Hide Column**. The column is only hidden from your view, not from students in **My Grades**.

B. The first table, **Shown in All Grade Center Views**, is always first and cannot be moved. The columns in this table pertain to user information, and you cannot move them into another table. If shown, these columns always appear on the left side of the grid. You can also freeze columns in the first table. To change which columns are frozen and remain stationary when scrolling in the Grade Center view, drag the bar that states: **Everything above this bar is a frozen column**. Alternatively, drag a column above the bar to freeze it. Columns in gray are frozen in place on the left side of the Grade Center. Use this feature to easily match up individual students with their data across the Grade Center.
NOTE: If you freeze more columns than fit on the Grade Center grid, the number of frozen columns is reduced automatically so at least one non-frozen column appears in the Grade Center view.

You can reorder the columns in the first table or move columns from other tables to this table. If you move a column to the first table, it appears in all views of the Grade Center. For example, you can move the total column to the first table. Then, if you change your Grade Center view to only show a single grading period, the total column appears also. Carefully consider which rows you move to the first table. For example, if you filter your view to show only the Assignment category, but you moved a test column to the first table, it will appear with the assignment columns in the grid after the filter is applied.

C. Expand and collapse the contents of a table using the plus and minus icons.

D. Drag a column to a new location using the move icon ( )—represented by four arrows. Alternatively, select one or more columns’ check boxes and make a selection in one of the drop-down lists on the action bar.

E. Reorder the columns in a table using the keyboard accessible reordering tool ( )—represented by two arrows. In the Reorder box, make a selection and use the up and down arrows to adjust the order. Click Apply.

F. Sort columns. Access the column’s contextual menu and set an ascending or descending order.

G. IMPORTANT! Click Submit to save changes. If you try to navigate away from this page without clicking Submit, a pop-up window warns you to save the changes. Columns now:

- Appear in the order you set.
- Are associated with the categories, grading periods, no category, or no grading period as chosen.
- Are shown, hidden, or frozen as chosen.

H. After submitting your changes, you are returned to the Grade Center grid.

After you make your changes, all new columns created in the Grade Center appear last in the grid and in the last table on the Column Organization page. However, if you associate a new column with a particular grading period while creating it, then the new column appears in the Grade Center grid with the other grading period columns and in the appropriate grading period table on this page. If you create a gradable group item from the group homepage, such as a gradable discussion forum or blog, the new column appears with the other group columns in the grid. However, if group columns are rearranged and moved to other tables and then a new group column is created, the new group column appears first in the last table.
CREATING AND MANAGING GRADE CENTER COLUMNS

In the Grade Center, three types of columns appear: user, grade and calculated. Each column has a contextual menu with options. The options that appear vary depending on the type of column. When you create or edit grade and calculated columns, you can select the appropriate settings to configure the Grade Center to calculate and display the data most useful to you. You also have the abilities to hide and show columns, associate columns with categories and grading periods, and view columns in any order.

Grade Center columns are utilized by course functions outside of the Grade Center. For example, when you create adaptive release and Retention Center rules, you can select Grade Center grade and calculated columns as rule criteria.

ABOUT USER COLUMNS

In a new course, six default user columns appear in the Grade Center grid:

- Last Name
- First Name
- Username
- Student ID
- Last Access
- Availability

You cannot delete or edit default user columns. You can hide all but the first user column in the grid. If you need to hide the first column, you can rearrange the user columns on the Column Organization page, but at least one user column must show. You can also freeze user columns so they remain in place as you scroll in the grid.

On the Users page, you can make a user unavailable. In the Grade Center, the User Unavailable icon (.setStatusUnavailableIcon) appears in an unavailable user's column. However, the user's row is not hidden in the grid. Unavailable users cannot access your course.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Last Name</th>
<th>First Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>Tony</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Casper</td>
<td>Chris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooper</td>
<td>Ashby</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To sort any column, click the column heading or caret. For example, you can sort the Last Access column so users who accessed the course most recently appear first in the list. The sorted list remains in effect until you change it or log out.
ABOUT GRADE COLUMNS

When you create gradable items in your course, grade columns are created automatically in the Grade Center. You can edit a grade column to rename it, associate it with a different category or grading period, change the grading schema, determine if students will see the results in My Grades, and include or exclude the column in calculations.

The grade columns created automatically include:

- **Assignments**: You can deliver assignments to individuals or groups. When an assignment is ready to grade, the needs grading icon—the exclamation mark—appears in a student’s cell in the Grade Center, and you must grade the attempt manually.

- **Surveys**: Surveys are scored automatically by the system. When a student completes a survey, a check mark (✔) appears in the student’s cell in the Grade Center. To view survey results, access the column’s contextual menu and select Attempts Statistics. On the Survey Statistics page, you can view the percentage of students who selected each answer. You cannot view individual results.

- **Tests**: Most test questions are scored automatically by the system. If you create a test that is comprised only of questions scored automatically, the grades appear in the students' cells in the Grade Center. If you create a test that contains questions that you need to score manually, such as essay or short answer questions, the needs grading icon appears in students' cells for completed tests. You must grade those questions before the test results appear in the students' cells.

- **Discussion board**: If you enabled grading for forums or threads, you must manually grade submitted posts. If you have set the minimum number of posts required, and a student submits the minimum number of posts, the needs grading icon appears in the student’s cell in the Grade Center. If you start the grading process in the discussion board tool, you can view who has posts that require grading. On the Grade Discussion Forum and Grade Discussion Thread pages, the needs grading icon appears next to users who have submitted one or more posts.

  NOTE: When a group member submits a post in a graded group discussion board, the grade you assign is only for the individual member.

- **Blogs, journals, and wikis**: If you enabled grading, you must manually grade submitted entries and wiki contributions. After a student submits work, the needs grading icon does not appear in the student’s cell in the Grade Center. If you start the grading process in the appropriate tool, you can view who has work that requires grading. On the tool’s topic page in the side panel, the needs grading icon appears next to users who have submitted work.

  NOTE: The Grade Center displays two decimal places for each grade. This occurs even if the grade has no values for the decimal places or if your assigned grade is set to a maximum of four decimal places. Grades set to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.
ABOUT CALCULATED COLUMNS

In the Grade Center, you can calculate grades using calculated columns. Calculated columns combine data from multiple columns to attain performance results. You can share these results with students and your institution.

You can use calculated columns to do the following:

- Calculate the total grade.
- Weight grades by column, category, or both.
- Calculate the average grade.
- Calculate a minimum or maximum grade.
- Set criteria when creating adaptive release rules and Retention Center rules.

You can include a calculated column when creating another calculated column. For example, if you created a calculated column that weighs quiz grades, you can include the column when creating a final grade column.

**NOTE:** When you point to a column name, information about that column appears in the Grade Information Bar at the top of the Grade Center grid.

You can also access this information by pointing to a column header, accessing the contextual menu, and selecting Quick Column Information. For calculated columns, Points Possible includes the phrase *(may vary by student)* because some students could be exempt from a test or assignment or they have not submitted all of the items included in the column’s calculation.

Two calculated columns are created by default and appear in new courses—the **Total** and **Weighted Total** columns. You can rename, change the settings, determine which columns are included, or delete these default columns.

---

**DEFAULT TOTAL COLUMN**

- Sum of all grade columns.
- Calculated columns are not included.
- Ungraded items are not included. You can change this by editing the column and selecting No for Calculate as Running Total.
- Included in Smart Views > Final Grade View.
- Set as the external grade column. This is the column used for the final grade and shared with the institution as the student’s grade for your course. Set any column as the external grade column.
by accessing the contextual menu in the column header. Select **Set as External Grade**. You must set another column as the external grade before you can delete the Total column.

---

**DEFAULT WEIGHTED TOTAL COLUMN**

- No default settings. You must edit the column to select the columns to include in the weight calculation.
- Included in **Smart Views > Final Grade View**.

You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

**NOTE**: Weighted totals are calculated based on percentages; they are not based on grading schemas/letter grades. Columns included in the **Weighted Total** are not displayed using the same grading schema as the input grade values. Grading schemas simply map a range of percentages to a particular label for display purposes. They do not have an impact on the weighted total’s underlying calculations, which are based on percentages or points/points possible.

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**GRADE CENTER COLUMNS AND MY GRADES**

Students view their grades from **My Grades**. You can show and hide columns from students. However, grades always appear in the following order on the students' **My Grades** pages:

- Overall grade for the course
- Calculated grades, such as running total
- Graded items by date
- Submitted items by date
- In progress items
- Upcoming items ordered by due date.

**NOTE**: If there is no due date upcoming, items are in alpha order.
HOW TO CREATE GRADE COLUMNS

If a grade column is not created automatically, you can create grade columns for any student work you want to grade. For example, you can create a column to record participation grades.

Example:

In the preceding image, two grade columns are shown:

- **Participation**: Created manually by an instructor to record participation grades.
- **Chapter 1 Test**: Created automatically by the system when an instructor created and deployed the test.

The data in the "Participation" column is populated when an instructor manually assigns the grades. The data in the "Chapter 1 Test" column is populated when students complete their tests and the test is scored automatically by the system. If the test includes questions that an instructor must grade, such as an essay or short answer question, the needs grading icon—the exclamation mark—appears in the students' cells after the tests are submitted.

When you create Grade Center columns, you can do the following:

- Choose how the grade appears. You can display the grades in the Grade Center grid and on students’ My Grades pages as a score, letter, text, percentage, or as complete/incomplete.
- Associate it with a category and grading period.
- Exclude or include the column in any potential Grade Center calculations, such as when creating a calculated column.
- Determine whether the column’s results appear on students’ My Grades pages.

Use the following steps to create a grade column.

1. In the Grade Center, click **Create Column** on the action bar.

2. On the **Create Grade Column** page, type a brief, descriptive **Column Name**. This name becomes the column name in the Grade Center and on students’ My Grades pages. If this name is too long to display clearly in the Grade Center, you can type a short, descriptive name in the Grade Center Name box.
NOTE: Only the first 14-15 characters typed in either name box appear in the column heading in the Grade Center grid. If you point to the column heading, you can see its full name on the Grade Information Bar.

3. Optionally, type a Description. You can use the content editor functions to format the text. Information provided here appears to students when they click the item name in My Grades.

4. Make a selection in the Primary Display drop-down list. The selection is the grade format shown in the Grade Center and to students in My Grades. If you created any custom grading schemas, they appear in the list. Five default options appear:
   - **Score**: A numeric grade appears in the column. This is the default setting. If you do not make a selection, the score appears in the grid.
   - **Letter**: A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
   - **Text**: Text appears in the column when you create a custom text grading schema. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor –OR– Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If you create no custom text grading schema, and the Text option is selected, you are allowed to type text in the column’s cells. If you choose to share the column results with students in My Grades, they will see the text values for their grades.
     NOTE: When you convert a numeric score to text without creating a custom text grading schema, and then return to numeric scoring, values that cannot be converted display a zero after conversion. Therefore, if you want to include text as grades, Blackboard recommends creating a custom text grading schema and associating it with the columns.
   - **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 appears as 70%.
   - **Complete/Incomplete**: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✓) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

5. Optionally, make a selection in the Secondary Display drop-down list. The default setting is None. The same options appear except for the option chosen as the Primary Display and Text. The default Text option does not appear as you cannot edit a secondary value from a column’s cell. If you create a customized grading schema based on text and have not used it as the Primary Display, it appears in the list. In the Grade Center column, the secondary value appears in parentheses. The secondary value does not appear to students.

   Tip: If you choose Percentage as the Primary Display and type the achieved numeric score into the Grade Center grid directly, the number you type is interpreted as a percentage and not the score. Therefore, if you want the system to calculate percentages when you type a score, select Score as the Primary Display and select Percentage as the Secondary Display. Scores you type directly in the grid will display a percentage in parentheses.
6. Optionally, you can associate the column with a category by making a selection in the Category drop-down list. The default setting is No Category. You can use categories to filter Grade Center data, create smart views that focus the view of the Grade Center data, and create calculated columns.

7. In the Points Possible box, type the total points. Entries must be numeric.

8. Optionally, select the option next to Due Date and type a date (mm/dd/yyyy) or use the pop-up Date Selection Calendar. Due Dates automatically populate on the Calendar. You can use due dates with the Retention Center to generate an alert if a test or assignment is not submitted on time.

9. Select the Options.
   - Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations: Select Yes to make the column available for potential inclusion when creating calculated columns.
   - Show this Column to Students: Select Yes to display the column to students in My Grades.
   - Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades: Select Yes to include statistical information with the grade value when shown to students.

   NOTE: When editing the Grade Center column for a test, the options to Include this Column in Other Grade Center Calculations and Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades are not available if you select the option to Hide Results for this Test Completely from Instructor and the Grade Center on the Test Options page.

10. Click Submit.

After you create a grade column, you can:
• Associate a rubric with it to make grading easier and less subjective.
• Assign grades.
• Include the column when creating calculated columns.

ABOUT TOTAL COLUMNS

The total column is a type of calculated column that generates a grade based on the cumulative points earned, related to the points allowed. You can select which columns and categories are included in a total column's calculation. When creating a total column, you can include other calculated columns.

A total column is created by default and appears in new courses. You can rename, change the settings, change which columns are included, or delete this default column. The following list includes the settings for the default total column.

• All grade columns are included in the calculation.
• Calculated columns are not included.
• Ungraded items are not included. You can change this by editing the column and selecting No for Calculate as Running Total.
• Included in Smart Views > Final Grade View.
• Set as the external grade column, which is the grade reported to your institution. You cannot delete the default total column until you set another column as the external grade. Set any column as the external grade column by accessing the contextual menu in the column header. Select Set as External Grade.

NOTE: Columns with text as the grade display are not included in a total column's calculation. For example, if you set a column to display text, such as Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in grade calculations.

TOTAL POINTS FORMULA

Add the points possible of all selected columns to find the total points. Then, add a student’s earned scores for all selected columns. This is the total earned out of the total points possible. Exempted items are ignored. The results display according to the Primary and Secondary Display options.

Column 1 points earned + Column 2 points earned + Column 3 points earned + Column 4 points earned = Total Points Earned out of Total Points Possible

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example: Student A</th>
<th>Example: Student B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eight values: 8/10, 3/5, 2/2, 3/7, 47/50, 20/25, 88/100</td>
<td>Eight values: 9/10, X (exempt), 1/2, 5/7, 45/50, X, 22/25, 90/100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned Points Value: 171</td>
<td>Earned Points Value: 172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Points Possible Value: 199</td>
<td>Points Possible Value: 194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Points: 171/199</td>
<td>Total Points: 172/194</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE: You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

HOW TO CREATE TOTAL COLUMNS

The total column is a type of calculated column that generates a grade based on the cumulative points earned, related to the points allowed. You can select which columns, grading periods, and categories are used in the calculation for a total column. You can change your selections at any time and the calculation updates automatically.

NOTE: A total column is created by default and appears in new courses. You can rename, change the settings, change which columns are included, or delete this default column.

When creating a total column, you can include:

- **All Grade Columns**: Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.
- **Selected Columns and Categories**: Include specific grade columns and categories (and the associated columns).

NOTE: Columns with text as the grade display are not included in a total column's calculation. For example, if you set a grade column to display text, such as Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in calculations.

**Example**: All Grade Columns

You create a total column to determine the final grade for the semester that includes all of the columns in the grade center.

**Example**: Selected Columns and Categories

You want to provide students with a percentage score showing their effort on assignments and participation. When you create a total column, you select the Assignment category and two participation columns. Students can view their percentage scores in My Grades.

Use the following steps to create a total column.

1. In the Grade Center, point to **Create Calculated Column** on the action bar.
2. Select **Total Column**.
3. On the Create Total Column page, type a brief, descriptive **Column Name**. This name becomes the column name in the Grade Center and on students’ **My Grades** pages. If this name is too long to display clearly in the Grade Center, you can type a short, descriptive name in the **Grade Center Name** box.

   **NOTE**: Only the first 14-15 characters typed in either name box appear in the column heading in the Grade Center grid. If you point to the column heading, you can see its full name on the **Grade Information Bar**.

4. Optionally, type a **Description**. You can use the content editor functions to format the text. Information provided here appears to students when they click the item name in **My Grades**.

5. Make a selection in the **Primary Display** drop-down list. The selection is the grade format shown in the Grade Center and to students on their **My Grades** pages. If you created any custom grading schemas, they appear in the list. Five default options appear:

   - **Score**: A numeric grade appears in the column. This is the default setting. If you do not make a selection, the score appears in the grid.
   - **Letter**: A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
   - **Text**: This default display option does not display text for a total column or allow you to type directly in the column’s cell to edit it. If you select **Text**, the numeric score appears in the column. If you want to display text values, you must create a custom text grading schema. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor - OR- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If you choose to share the column results with students in **My Grades**, they will see the text values for their grades.
   - **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 appears as 70%.
   - **Complete/Incomplete**: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✔) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

6. Optionally, make a selection in the **Secondary Display** drop-down list. The default setting is **None**. The same options appear in this drop-down list except for the option chosen as the **Primary Display**. In the Grade Center column, the secondary value appears in parentheses. The secondary value does not appear to students, and you cannot manually edit the secondary value from a column’s cell.
NOTE: If you select the default Text option, text will not appear. If you want text values to appear, create a custom text grading schema.

7. In the Select Columns section, select what to include in the total column's calculation. The following table lists the options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Grade Columns</td>
<td>Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="All Grade Columns" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns and Categories</td>
<td>Select grade columns and categories individually.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                               | Select the columns in the Columns to Select box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the Selected Columns box. When you select a column, you can view information about the column in the Column Information area below the Columns to Select box. Note: A column that is set to No for Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations does not appear in the selection list. Select the categories in the Categories to Select box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the Selected Columns box. When you select a category, you can view which columns are included in the category in the Category Information area below the Categories to Select box. Other options appear after you move the category to the Selected Columns box: Drop Grades removes a number of either the highest or lowest grades for each category from the calculation. If you do not type numbers in the
|                               | ![Selected Columns and Categories](image)                                  |

Other options appear after you move the category to the Selected Columns box:

Drop Grades removes a number of either the highest or lowest grades for each category from the calculation. If you do not type numbers in the
boxes, no grades are dropped.

Use only the Lowest -OR- Highest Value to Calculate removes all grades from the calculation except for the best or worst score.

**NOTE:** To delete a selection in the Selected Columns box, click the red X.

8. **Calculate as Running Total:** Select Yes to calculate as a running total. Running totals exempt cells that do not contain data. Select No to include all selected columns in the calculation, using a value of 0 if no grade exists. This can make grades appear artificially low.

9. Select the **Options**.

   - **Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations:** Select Yes to make the column available for potential inclusion when creating calculated columns.
   - **Show this Column to Students:** Select Yes to display the column to students in My Grades.
   - **Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades:** Select Yes to include statistical information with the grade value when shown to students.

10. Click **Submit**.

    **Note:** If a column is deleted from the Grade Center that is included in a total calculation, it is also removed from the calculation.

The new total column appears last in the Grade Center grid.

You can change the column's settings at any time and change which columns are included. Once edited, the calculation updates automatically.

You are not allowed to type directly in a total column's cell to edit the calculated grade. Therefore, no contextual menu appears when you move your mouse pointer over an individual cell in a total column.

To keep a total column in view, despite the addition of other columns, move the column and freeze it on the Column Organization page.

**Note:** You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.
ABOUT WEIGHTED COLUMNS

The weighted column is a type of calculated column that generates a grade based on the result of selected columns and categories, and their respective percentages. When creating a weighted column, you can include other calculated columns or other weighted columns.

A weighted total column is created by default and appears in new courses. You can rename, change the settings, change which columns and categories are included, or delete this default column. The default weighted total column displays no results until you select the columns and categories to include in the calculation.

*NOTE:* You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

**Example:** Weighted Final Grade

You can create a weighted column that calculates a grade for the year in which the Test category, the Assignment category, and the participation grade column are each given a certain percentage of the final grade for your course.

\[(\text{Tests} = 40\%) + (\text{Assignments} = 40\%) + (\text{Participation} = 20\%) = (\text{Quarter Final Grade})\]

*NOTE:* Columns with text as the grade display are not included in a weighted column’s calculation. For example, if you set a column to display text, such as Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in grade calculations.

In a new course, the default total column is the default external grade column, but you can set any column as the external grade. The external grade is the grade reported to your institution.

HOW TO CREATE WEIGHTED COLUMNS

The weighted column is a type of calculated column that generates a grade based on the result of selected columns and categories, and their respective percentages. When you create a weighted column, you can include other calculated columns or other weighted columns. You can change your selections at any time and the calculation updates automatically.

*NOTE:* A weighted total column is created by default and appears in new courses. You can rename, change the settings, or delete this default column. The default weighted total column displays no results until you select the columns and categories to include in the calculation.

When you create a weighted column, you can include:

- **All Grade Columns:** Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.
- **Selected Columns and Categories:** Include specific grade columns and categories (and the associated columns).
NOTE: Columns with text as the grade display are not included in a weighted column’s calculation. For example, if you set a grade column to display text, such as Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in calculations.

**Example:** Simple Weighted Column for First Quarter

You create a weighted column based on two columns and two categories:

- Assignments Category = 25%
- Chapter Quizzes Category = 25%
- Midterm Test = 20%
- Final Test = 30%

Use the following steps to create a weighted column.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Create Calculated Column on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Weighted Column.
3. On the Create Weighted Column page, type a brief, descriptive Column Name. This name becomes the column name in the Grade Center and on students’ My Grades pages. If this name is too long to display clearly in the Grade Center, you can type a short, descriptive name in the Grade Center Name box.

   **NOTE:** Only the first 14-15 characters typed in either name box appear in the column heading in the Grade Center grid. If you point to the column heading, you can see its full name on the Grade Information Bar.

4. Optionally, type a Description. You can use the content editor functions to format the text. Information provided here appears to students when they click the item name in My Grades.

5. Make a selection in the Primary Display drop-down list. The selection is the grade format shown in the Grade Center and to students in My Grades. The default setting is Percentage. If you created any custom grading schemas, they appear in the list. Five default options appear:

   - **Score:** A numeric grade appears in the column.
   - **Letter:** A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
• **Text**: This default display option does not display text for a weighted column or allow you to type directly in the column’s cell to edit it. If you select **Text**, the numeric score appears in the column. If you want to display text values, you must create a custom text grading schema. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor -OR- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If you choose to share the column results with students in **My Grades**, they will see the text values for their grades.

• **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 appears as 70%. If you do not make a selection, the percentage appears in the grid.

• **Complete/Incomplete**: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✓) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

6. Optionally, make a selection in the **Secondary Display** dropdown list. The default setting is **None**. The same options appear in this drop-down list except for the option chosen as the **Primary Display**. In the Grade Center column, the secondary value appears in parentheses. The secondary value does not appear to students, and you cannot manually edit the secondary value from a column’s cell.

   **NOTE**: If you select the default **Text** option, text will not appear. If you want text values to appear, create a custom text grading schema.

7. In the **Select Columns** section, select what to include in the weighted column's calculation and assign percentages for each column or category.

   • Select the columns in the **Columns to Select** box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the **Selected Columns** box. When you select a column, you can view information about the column in the **Column Information** area below the **Columns to Select** box.

   Note: A column that is set to **No** for **Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations** does not appear in the selection list.

   • Select the categories in the **Categories to Select** box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the **Selected Columns** box. When you select a category, you can view which columns are included in the category in the **Category Information** area below the **Categories to Select** box. The following table lists the options that appear after you move a category to the **Selected Columns** box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight Columns</strong></td>
<td>Select how to weigh columns within the category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Select <strong>Equally</strong> to apply equal value to all columns within a category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Select <strong>Proportionally</strong> to apply the appropriate value to a column based on its points compared to other columns in the category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drop Grades</strong></td>
<td>Removes a number of either the highest or lowest grades for each category from the calculation. If you do</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
not type numbers in the boxes, no grades are dropped.

**Use only the Lowest - OR- Highest Value to Calculate**

Removes all grades from the calculation except for the best or worst score.

*NOTE:* To delete a selection in the Selected Columns box, click the red X.

8. Type a percentage for each selection. The percentages of all columns added together must equal 100 percent. After assigning the last percentage, click anywhere in the box to update the percentage below the Selected Columns box in the Total Weight field.

9. **Calculate as Running Total:** Select Yes to calculate as a running total. Running totals exempt cells that do not contain data. Select No to include all selected columns in the calculation, using a value of 0 if no grade exists. This can make grades appear artificially low.

10. Select the **Options**.

   - **Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations:** Select Yes to make the column available for potential inclusion when creating calculated columns.
   - **Show this Column to Students:** Select Yes to display the column to students on their My Grades pages.
   - **Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades:** Select Yes to include statistical information with the grade value when shown to students.

11. Click **Submit**.

    The new weighted column appears last in the Grade Center grid unless you associated it with a grading period. All grading period columns appear together in the grid until you reorder them.
You can change the column's settings at any time and change which columns are included. Be sure the percentages total 100%. Once edited, the calculation updates automatically.

You are not allowed to type directly in a weighted column's cell to edit the calculated grade. Therefore, no contextual menu appears when you move your mouse pointer over an individual cell in a weighted column.

If you delete a column that is included in the calculation for a weighted column, the percentage assigned to the deleted column is removed. In the Selected Columns box, the Total Weight will no longer equal 100%. The calculation does balance itself, but it will not necessarily be based on the percentages you assigned because a column is missing. The system does not update percentages in the Selected Columns box, but the grade that appears in the weighted column in the Grade Center is based on 100%.

To keep a weighted column in view, despite the addition of other columns, move the column and freeze it on the Column Organization page.

**NOTE**: You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

**ABOUT AVERAGE COLUMNS**

The average column is a type of calculated column that displays the average for a selected number of columns. For example, you can display the average for all tests or display the average grade for each student for a Grading Period.

**SIMPLE AVERAGE FORMULA**

To find the average of all selected columns, the percentage is calculated to four decimal places. The percentage values for all selected columns are added together. The result is divided by the number of columns included in the calculation. The results display according to the **Primary** and **Secondary Display** options.

\[
\text{Average percentage score} = \frac{(\text{Column 1}% + \text{Column 2}% + \text{Column 3}% + \text{Column 4}%)}{4}\]

**Example:**

Three values: 8/10, 3/5, 2/2
Percentage equivalents: 80.0000%, 60.0000%, 100.0000% Total of the values: 240.0000
Number of items: 3
Total value divided by number of columns: 240.0000/3 = 80.00%

NOTE: You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

HOW TO CREATE AVERAGE COLUMNS

The average column is a type of calculated column that displays the average for a selected number of columns. You can select which columns and categories are used in the calculation for an average column. For example, you can display the average for all assignments. You can change your selections at any time and the calculation updates automatically.

When you create an average column, you can include:

- **All Grade Columns**: Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.
- **Selected Columns and Categories**: Include specific grade columns and categories (and the associated columns).

Note: Columns with text as the grade display are not included in an average column’s calculation. For example, if you set a grade column to display text, such as Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in calculations.

Use the following steps to create an average column.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Create Calculated Column on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Average Column.
3. On the Create Average Column page, type a brief, descriptive Column Name. This name becomes the column name in the Grade Center and on students’ My Grades pages. If this name is too long to display clearly in the Grade Center, you can type a short, descriptive name in the Grade Center Name box.
   
   **NOTE**: Only the first 14-15 characters typed in either name box appear in the column heading in the Grade Center grid. If you point to the column heading, you can see its full name on the Grade Information Bar.

4. Optionally, type a Description. You can use the content editor functions to format the text. Information provided here appears to students when they click the item name in My Grades.
5. Make a selection in the **Primary Display** drop-down list. The selection is the grade format shown in the Grade Center and to students in **My Grades**. The default setting is **Percentage**. If you created any custom grading schemas, they appear in the list. Five default options appear:

- **Score**: A numeric grade appears in the column.
- **Letter**: A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
- **Text**: This default display option does not display text for an average column or allow you to type directly in the column’s cell to edit it. If you select **Text**, the numeric score appears in the column. If you want to display text values, you must create a custom text grading schema. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor -OR- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If you choose to share the column results with students in **My Grades**, they will see the text values for their grades.
- **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 appears as 70%. If you do not make a selection, the percentage appears in the grid.
- **Complete/Incomplete**: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✓) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

6. Optionally, make a selection in the **Secondary Display** drop-down list. The default setting is **None**. The same options appear in this drop-down list except for the option chosen as the **Primary Display**. In the Grade Center column, the secondary value appears in parentheses. The secondary value does not appear to students, and you cannot manually edit the secondary value from a column’s cell.

   **NOTE**: If you select the default Text option, text will not appear. If you want text values to appear, create a customized text grading schema.

7. In the **Select Columns** section, select what to include in the average column’s calculation. The following table lists the options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Grade Columns</td>
<td>Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns and Categories</td>
<td>Select grade columns and categories individually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select the columns in the <strong>Columns to Select</strong> box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the <strong>Selected Columns</strong> box. When you select a column, you can view information about the column in the <strong>Column Information</strong> area below the <strong>Columns to Select</strong> box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **NOTE**: A column that is set to **No** for Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations does not appear in the selection list.
Select the categories in the **Categories to Select** box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the **Selected Columns** box. When you select a category, you can view which columns are included in the category in the **Category Information** area below the **Categories to Select** box. Other options appear after you move the category to the **Selected Columns** box:

- **Weight Columns** allows you to select how to weigh columns within the category.
  - Select **Equally** to apply equal values to all columns within a category.
  - Select **Proportionally** to apply the appropriate value to a column based on its points compared to other columns in the category.

- **Drop Grades** removes a number of either the highest or lowest grades for each category from the calculation. If you do not type numbers in the boxes, no grades are dropped.

- **Use only the Lowest -OR- Highest Value to Calculate** removes all grades from the calculation except for the best or worst score.

*NOTE:* To delete a selection in the **Selected Columns** box, click the red X.

9. **Calculate as Running Total**: Select **Yes** to calculate as a running total. Running totals exempt cells that do not contain data. Select **No** to include all selected columns in the calculation, using a value of 0 if no grade exists. This can make grades appear artificially low.

10. Select the **Options**.
• **Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations**: Select Yes to make the column available for potential inclusion when creating calculated columns.

• **Show this Column to Students**: Select Yes to display the column to students on their My Grades pages.

• **Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades**: Select Yes to include statistical information with the grade value when shown to students.

11. Click **Submit**.

The new average column appears last in the Grade Center grid unless you associated it with a grading period. All grading period columns appear together in the grid until you reorder them.

You can change the column's settings at any time and change which columns are included. Once edited, the calculation updates automatically.

You are not allowed to type directly in an average column's cell to edit the calculated grade. Therefore, no contextual menu appears when you move your mouse pointer over an individual cell in an average column.

To keep an average column in view, despite the addition of other columns, move the column and freeze it on the **Column Organization** page.

**NOTE**: You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

### ABOUT MINIMUM/MAXIMUM COLUMNS

The minimum/maximum column is a type of calculated column that displays either the minimum or maximum grade for a selection of columns. For example, you can find the minimum score on all tests, but only show it in the Grade Center grid and not to your students on their **My Grades** pages.

#### MINIMUM/MAXIMUM FORMULA

**Minimum**: The percentage value for each column included in the calculation is compared up to four decimal places and the lowest value is displayed. The result displays up to two decimal places.

**Maximum**: The percentage value for each column included in the calculation is compared up to four decimal places and the highest value is displayed. The result displays up to two decimal places.
Example:

Three values: 8/10, 3/5, 2/2  
Percentage equivalents: 80.0000%, 60.0000%, 100.0000%  
Minimum: 60.00%  
Maximum: 100.00%

NOTE: If two values are exactly the same for a minimum/maximum column, that is the value that appears in the Grade Center grid.

HOW TO CREATE MINIMUM/MAXIMUM COLUMNS

The minimum/maximum column is a type of calculated column that displays either the minimum or maximum grade for a selection of columns. You can select which columns and categories are used for displaying a minimum or maximum value. For example, you can display the minimum score for a grading period to help you determine what content your students may be struggling with. You can change your selections at any time and the calculation updates automatically.

When you create a minimum/maximum column, you can include:

- **All Grade Columns**: Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.
- **Selected Columns and Categories**: Include specific grade columns and categories (and the associated columns).

NOTE: Columns with text as the grade display are not included in a minimum/maximum column’s calculation. For example, if you set a grade column to display text, such as Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory, you cannot use it in calculations.

Use the following steps to create a minimum/maximum column.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Create Calculated Column on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Minimum/Maximum Column.
3. On the Create Minimum/Maximum Column page, type a brief, descriptive Column Name. This name becomes the column name in the Grade Center and on students’ My Grades pages unless you provide a different name in the Grade Center Display Name box. If this name is too long to display clearly in the Grade Center, you can type a short, descriptive name in the Grade Center Name box.

   NOTE: Only the first 14-15 characters typed in either name box appear in the
column heading in the Grade Center grid. If you point to the column heading, you can see its full name on the Grade Information Bar.

4. Optionally, type a **Description**. You can use the content editor functions to format the text. Information provided here appears to students when they click the item name in **My Grades**.

5. Make a selection in the **Primary Display** drop-down list. The selection is the grade format shown in the Grade Center and to students on their **My Grades** pages. The default setting is **Percentage**. If you created any custom grading schemas, they appear in the list. Five default options appear:

   - **Score**: A numeric grade appears in the column.
   - **Letter**: A letter grade appears in the column. The default grading schema is used to assign letter grades. For example, a score of 21/30 equals 70% and appears as a C.
   - **Text**: This default display option does not display text for a minimum/maximum column or allow you to type directly in the column's cell to edit it. If you select **Text**, the numeric score appears in the column. If you want to display text values, you must create a custom text grading schema. Examples of text values include: Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, and Poor - OR- Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. If you choose to share the column results with students in **My Grades**, they will see the text values for their grades.
   - **Percentage**: A percentage appears in the column. For example, a score of 21/30 appears as 70%. If you do not make a selection, the percentage appears in the grid.
   - **Complete/Incomplete**: When a student submits an item, a check mark (✓) appears in the column, regardless of the score achieved.

6. Optionally, make a selection in the **Secondary Display** drop-down list. The default setting is **None**. The same options appear in this drop-down list except for the option chosen as the **Primary Display**. In the Grade Center column, the secondary value appears in parentheses. The secondary value does not appear to students, and you cannot manually edit the secondary value from a column’s cell.

   **NOTE**: If you select the default **Text** option, text will not appear. If you want text values to appear, create a custom text grading schema.

7. In the **Select Columns** section, select **Calculation Type**: **Minimum** or **Maximum**.

8. Select what to include in the minimum/maximum column's calculation. The following table lists the options.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Grade Columns</td>
<td>Include all individual grade columns in the Grade Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns and Categories</td>
<td>Select grade columns and categories individually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select the columns in the <strong>Columns to Select</strong> box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the <strong>Selected Columns</strong> box. When you select a column, you can view information about the column in the <strong>Column Information</strong> area below the <strong>Columns to Select</strong> box. A column that is set to <strong>No</strong> for <strong>Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations</strong> does not appear in the selection list. Select the categories in the <strong>Categories to Select</strong> box and click the right-pointing arrow to move the selections to the <strong>Selected Columns</strong> box. When you select a category, you can view which columns are included in the category in the <strong>Category Information</strong> area below the <strong>Categories to Select</strong> box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: To delete a selection in the **Selected Columns** box, click the red **X**.

9. **Calculate as Running Total**: Select **Yes** to calculate as a running total. Running totals exempt cells that do not contain data. Select **No** to include all selected columns in the calculation, using a value of 0 if no grade exists. This can make grades appear artificially low.

10. Select the **Options**.
    - **Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations**: Select **Yes** to make the column available for potential inclusion when creating calculated columns.
    - **Show this Column to Students**: Select **Yes** to display the column to students in **My Grades**.
- **Show Statistics (average and median) for this Column to Students in My Grades**: Select Yes to include statistical information with the grade value when shown to students.

11. Click **Submit**.

The new minimum/maximum column appears last in the Grade Center grid unless you associated it with a grading period. All grading period columns appear together in the grid until you reorder them.

You can change the column's settings at any time and change which columns are included. Once edited, the calculation updates automatically.

You are not allowed to type directly in a minimum/maximum column's cell to edit the calculated grade. Therefore, no contextual menu appears when you move your mouse pointer over an individual cell in a minimum/maximum column.

To keep a minimum/maximum column in view, despite the addition of other columns, move the column and freeze it on the [Column Organization](#) page.

*Note*: You can assign a grade to a maximum of four decimal places, but the Grade Center displays only to a maximum of two decimal places. Grades to three or four decimal places are rounded up. For example, 45.4357 is rounded up to 45.44. Calculated columns also display to a maximum of two decimal places.

### UNDERSTANDING THE EXTERNAL GRADE COLUMN

The results in the external grade column are shared with your institution as your students’ grades for your course. You decide which column is set as the external grade. In new courses, the default total column is the default external grade column, and the external grade icon ( обычно) appears in the column header. You cannot delete the default total column until you set another column as the external grade.

Access the contextual menu in the column header for the column you want to set as the external grade column and select [Set as External Grade](#). The check mark appears in the column header you chose and no check mark appears in the default total column header.

If you copy or restore a course, the external grade column you chose remains as the external grade column.
HOW TO EDIT, HIDE, AND SELECT OPTIONS FOR COLUMNS

You can edit most Grade Center columns and change the column's name, settings, grading schema, what is included in a calculated column's calculation, and whether students can see the column results in My Grades by hiding the column from users. You can also use the options in a column's contextual menu to perform a variety of actions, such as viewing information about the column, sorting the contents, or downloading results.

You cannot edit or delete the default user columns:

- Last Name
- First Name
- Username
- Student ID
- Last Access
- Availability

You can hide all but the first user column in the grid. If you need to hide the first column, you can rearrange the user columns on the Column Organization page, but at least one user column must show.

You can use the options in a column's contextual menu to hide a column from your view in the grid (Hide Column) or from students' My Grades pages (Hide from Students (on/off)). When you hide a column from your students, you will still see it in the grid. To learn more, see the example following the image: Hide a column from users.

Each column's contextual menu displays options that are available and specific for that column. For example, a test column's contextual menu includes options for Column Statistics and Grade Questions. For a default user column, such as First Name, you only have the options of hiding the column and sorting the items. If an option does not appear in the contextual menu, you cannot perform the action on that column.
Use the following steps to edit a column.

1. In the Grade Center, access the contextual menu.
2. Select an option. Depending on the option:
   - A change occurs automatically. For example, if you select **Set as External Grade** for a weighted column, the column immediately becomes the external grade column. The external grade icon ( _) appears in the column header.
   - You can make necessary changes or selections. For example, if you select **Edit Column Information** for a grade or calculated column, you can change the column’s name, settings, grading schema, and whether students can see the column results in **My Grades**. You can also choose which columns are included in a calculated column's calculation.
   - You can assign grades, provide feedback to students, and include grading notes for yourself. For example, if you select **Grade Attempts** for a test column, you can begin the grading process.
   - You can review information. For example, if you select **Quick Column Information** or **Column Statistics**, you can view basic information or statistics, such as range, average, median, variance, and grade distribution.
3. As needed, click **Submit** -OR- click **OK** to return to the Grade Center.

**Example:** Hide a column from users > Change whether students see the column results in My Grades

If you want to hide column results from students in **My Grades**, you can select **Edit Column Information** in the column's contextual menu. On the **Edit Column** page, select **No** for **Show this Column to Students**. You can edit the column again at any time to show the results to your students. Alternatively, you can select **Hide from Students (on/off)** in a column’s contextual menu. When you want to show the column to students, select **Hide from Students (on/off)** again. In the Grade Center grid, the **Column Not Visible to Users** icon ( _) appears in the column header for any column hidden from students. You will still be able to view the column in the grid.

**Example:** Change the grading schema

For each column, you can choose how grades appear to students in **My Grades** and in the Grade Center grid. Select **Edit Column Information** in the column's contextual menu. On the **Edit Column** page, you can change the grade display in the **Primary** and **Secondary Display** drop-down lists. If you choose to share the column results with students, they see grade values based on what you select in the **Primary Display** drop-down list, such as Score, Letter, or Percentage. The **Secondary Display** selection is optional and only appears in the Grade Center.

At any time, you can also change the grading schema to display grades based on new grading schemas you create. For example, for a particular test, you want to make an adjustment because of low scores. You can associate a custom grading schema with that test's column to reflect a curve you want to apply to those lower scores. You can create as many test grading schemas as needed to fulfill your grading requirements and associate them with the appropriate columns in the Grade Center.
Example: Change which attempt is used as the score in the Grade Center

When multiple attempts are allowed for an assignment or test, you can edit columns to change which attempt is used as the score in the Grade Center. For example, if you allow students to submit an assignment more than once, you can select Edit Column Information in the assignment column’s contextual menu. On the Edit Column page, select which attempt to use for the score. The default is Grade of Last Attempt. If you do not edit the column, the Grade Center automatically uses the grade of the last attempt when more than one attempt is allowed. You can choose from the following options in the Score attempts using drop-down list on the Edit Column page:

- Last Graded Attempt
- Highest Grade
- Lowest Grade
- First Graded Attempt
- Average of Graded Attempts

Example: Editing column names

While in the Grade Center, you cannot change the Item Name of columns created automatically for gradable items, such as tests, assignments, discussion posts, journal and blog entries, and wiki contributions. You can edit the name of a gradable item in your course and the name will change in the Grade Center. For example, to change an assignment name, you must go to the content area containing the assignment and edit the name there. The name change is applied automatically in the Grade Center.

On the Edit Column page for auto-created columns, you can provide a different name by typing a Grade Center Name. The name you provide appears on students’ My Grades pages and in the Grade Center grid, but does not overwrite the name of the item in your course. This could cause confusion for students when the names they see in My Grades and the names they see for gradable items in the course do not match.

HOW TO EDIT GRADE CENTER COLUMNS FROM EXTERNAL FILES

When you upload grade columns to the Grade Center from an external file, they appear as text columns with points possible equaling zero (0). You may see numbers in the cells, but they are just placeholders. You must edit these columns to include the scores in Grade Center calculations.

1. In the Grade Center, access the contextual menu.
2. Select Edit Column Information.
3. On the **Edit Column** page, change the **Primary Display** to **Score** and provide the **Points Possible**.
4. Click **Submit**. The assigned scores appear in the column's cells.

### ABOUT DELETING GRADE CENTER COLUMNS

When you create gradable items in your course, grade columns are created automatically in the Grade Center, including columns for:

- Tests, surveys, and self and peer assessments
- Assignments and SafeAssignments
- Discussion posts
- Journal and blog entries
- Wiki contributions

The only way to delete these auto-created grade columns is to first delete the gradable items in your course. For some, if no student submissions exist when you delete the item, the Grade Center column is deleted automatically or you are allowed to decide whether to delete the column.

Before deleting gradable content in your course, you must carefully consider what the ramifications may be. Student work, such as test and assignment submissions, is deleted along with the deletion of the content item in your course. **The action is final.** In some cases, you can choose to save the grades assigned in the Grade Center. Even if you retain grade columns in the Grade Center, you cannot access the student submissions because they were deleted with the item in your course. Alternatively, you can preserve the submissions and the scores in the Grade Center by making a gradable item in your course unavailable.
You are not allowed to delete the default user columns and the external grade column. If you set a grade or calculated column as the external grade column, you must select another column as the external grade column before you can delete the first one.

HOW TO CREATE AN EXTRA CREDIT COLUMN

You can create an extra credit column in the Grade Center that is included in the total computation and has a maximum score of 0. Then, you can assign extra credit points as needed.

Example: Columns in Grade Center

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Points Possible</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assign 1</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign 2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Essay</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra Credit</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Be sure to set the total column as the external grade column.

Use the following steps to create an extra credit column in the Grade Center.

1. On the action bar, click Create Column.

2. On the Create Grade Column page, provide the appropriate information.

3. For Primary Display, select Score from the drop-down list.

4. For Secondary Display, select Percentage from the drop-down list.

5. For Points Possible, type 0.

6. Select Yes for Include this Column in Grade Center Calculations.

7. Click Submit.
The extra credit column appears in the Grade Center. After adding points in an extra credit column, it is possible for a student's total points to equal more than 100 percent. If a student receives full credit for all gradable items (100 points) and also receives 6 extra credit points, his or her total is 106 out of 100 or 106%.

![Grade Center: Full Grade Center](image)

- Total: 106.00 (106.00%)
- Assign 1: 10.00
- Assign 2: 19.00
- Essay: 50.00
- Test: 30.00
- Extra Credit: 6.00
ENTERING GRADES

You can enter grades in the Grade Center in the following ways:

- Scores are entered automatically into the Grade Center for course items you create such as online tests, exams, and surveys.
- You can upload grades from an external source, such as a comma separated values (CSV) file or an Excel spreadsheet, eliminating the need for double entry.
- You can manually enter grades into the Grade Center using any of the views of the Grade Center.

AUTOMATICALLY ENTERED GRADES

Tests you add to your course are scored automatically and recorded in the corresponding Grade Center column. Some questions require manual grading such as Essay questions. You can manually edit grades that are scored automatically.

MANUALLY ENTERED GRADES

You can manually enter grades in the following ways:

- On the main Grade Center page.
- Anonymously from the main Grade Center page.
- On the Grade Details page.
- Anonymously from the Grade Details page.
- Grading tests by question.

You can enter grades for certain tools without having to navigate to the Grade Center. You complete grading within the tool if the item is set for grading. After you assign grades, you can change them.

You can add comments while using any method of assigning grades.

UPLOADING GRADES FROM EXTERNAL SOURCES

To eliminate repeated entry of Grade Center data in several tools, you can work offline and then upload grades into the Grade Center. You can upload grades from external sources such as a comma separated values (CSV) file or an Excel spreadsheet. Data must be formatted specifically to upload correctly and be synched with existing Grade Center data.

HOW TO ENTER GRADES FROM THE GRADE CENTER PAGE

You can assign grades in any cell in the Grade Center or from the Grade Details page. When you type directly in a Grade Center cell, the grade may be an override grade.
1. Click within the cell you want to type a grade in.
2. Type the value.
3. Press the **Enter** key.
4. Click **OK** to save the grade.

_Note:_ If you do not press **Enter** and you attempt to leave the entry cell or Grade Center, a dialog box asks if you want to save the grade entry.

### HOW TO ENTER GRADES ANONYMOUSLY FROM THE GRADE CENTER PAGE

You can grade items in the Grade Center without viewing user information. The students appear in a random order without any identifying information to you or your designated grader during grading. Anonymous grading is helpful to reduce bias from an instructor or TA when grading. This option is available in the column header's contextual menu.

1. Access a column header's contextual menu and click **Grade Anonymously**.
2. Type a grade in the text box for each question.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3. If Grading a Test</th>
<th>3. If Grading an Assignment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Click <strong>Save and Exit</strong> to return to the main Grade Center page.</td>
<td>A. Click <strong>Submit</strong> to display the next student.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-OR-</td>
<td>-OR-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Click <strong>Save and Next</strong> to display the next student.</td>
<td>B. Click <strong>Exit</strong> to return to the main Grade Center page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-OR-</td>
<td>-OR-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Click the arrows on the action bar to navigate to the next or previous student.</td>
<td>C. Click the arrows on the action bar to navigate to the next or previous student.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HOW TO ENTER AN ATTEMPT GRADE FROM THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE

1. Access a grade cell’s contextual menu and select View Grade Details.
2. On the Grade Details page in the Attempts tab, click Grade Attempt.
3. Type a grade in the Grade text box.
4. Click Save and Exit to return to the main Grade Center page.
   -OR-
   Click Save and Next to display the next attempt.

HOW TO GRADE AND MANAGE MULTIPLE ATTEMPTS FROM THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE

You enable multiple attempts during test or assignment creation or by later editing the test or assignment’s options. The Attempts tab on the Grade Details page lists all submitted attempts so that you can grade, clear, and ignore attempts. Grades for all attempts are tracked in the Grade History log.

1. Access a grade cell’s contextual menu and select View Grade Details.
2. On the Grade Details page, the Attempts tab lists all completed attempts.
3. For each attempt, you can Grade Attempt, Clear Attempt to remove it, or Ignore Attempt to keep it but omit the score from Grade Center calculations and not count it toward the number of allowed attempts. Assignment attempts also have an Edit Grade function.
4. You can use the Delete drop-down list to delete the first or last attempt, highest or lowest scoring attempt, attempts in a date range, or all attempts.
5. For Assignments, you also will have an Allow Additional Attempt button. Selecting the button will provide the student with an additional attempt for this assignment.
You can also view a list of completed attempts from the contextual menu for a grade in the Grade Center grid. When you access attempts in this way, you do not have the options for clearing and deleting attempts.

**NOTE**: If you allowed multiple attempts for a test or assignment when you created it, the most recent graded attempt's score appears in the Grade Center and appears to students in My Grades by default. To change the attempt used for the score, access the test or assignment’s column header to access the contextual menu. Select Edit Column Information and select from the options in the Score Attempts Using drop-down list.

**HOW TO ENTER AN ATTEMPT GRADE ANONYMOUSLY FROM THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE**

You can hide user information on the Grade Details page. After you select an attempt, you can hide the student information before grading the attempt.

1. Access a grade cell’s contextual menu and select an Attempt.
2. Click Hide User Names.
3. Click **OK**. This action opens a new attempt with all student identification removed. Any unsaved changes to the current attempt will be lost.

4. Type a grade in the **Grade** text box.

5. If Grading a Test

| A. Click **Save and Exit** to return to the main Grade Center page. | 5. If Grading an Assignment
| -OR- |
| B. Click **Save and Next** to display the next student. |
| -OR- |
| C. Click the arrows on the action bar to navigate to the next or previous student. |

### HOW TO GRADE TESTS BY QUESTION

You can grade all of the responses for a specific question at one time by using the **Grade Questions** option. Use this for assigning new grades or changing grades. You can assign grades anonymously by clicking **Hide User Names** on the Grade Responses page.

The test remains in needs grading status until you grade all of the responses for all of the questions.

1. Access a column header’s contextual menu and select **Grade Questions**. On the **Grade Questions** page, you can select the option to grade responses anonymously.

2. Change the **Filter Question by Status** to **Needs Grading** and click **Go**.
3. To grade anonymously, select the checkbox for **Grade Responses Anonymously**.
4. Click the number in the **Responses** column to access the question.

![Image of Grade Center interface]

5. Click **Edit** next to the score for a user.

![Image of Edit button]

6. Type a new grade in the **Score** text box, or if you associated a rubric with an Essay, File Response, or Short Answer question, click **View Rubric** to grade the question using the rubric.

![Image of View Rubric button]

7. Click **Submit**.

8. Click **Back to Questions** to return to the **Grade Questions** page to select the next question to grade.

![Image of Back to Questions button]
VIEWING GRADE DETAILS

Access the Grade Details page from the contextual menu for any graded item listed in the Grade Center.

This page also serves as the main location for users with assistive technology such as screen readers. All of the information associated with an item is viewed on the Grade Details page. Make changes where appropriate.

USING THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE

The current User and Column appear at the top of the page. Use the left and right arrow functions to scroll through all users in your course or all columns in the Grade Center.

On the action bar, click Jump to to access the Column and User drop-down lists and select what you want to see.

At the bottom of the page, click Return to Grade Center to return to the Grade Center page.

VIEW THE CURRENT GRADE

At the top of the page, the Current Grade section displays the current score. If you click Exempt, this column is excluded from a student’s Grade Center calculations.

Click View Attempts to access all the attempts associated with this grade.

USING THE ATTEMPTS TAB

On the Attempts tab, you can view each attempt’s submission date, feedback, and grading notes.

For each attempt, you can Grade Attempt, Clear Attempt to remove it, or Ignore Attempt to keep it but omit the score from Grade Center calculations and not count it toward the number of allowed attempts. Assignment attempts also have an Edit Grade function. If a student submits the maximum number of attempts, the Allow Additional Attempt function appears so that you can permit another submission.
You can use the **Delete** drop-down list to delete the first or last attempt, highest or lowest scoring attempt, attempts in a date range, or all attempts.

To change the number of attempts allowed for a test, go to the course area where you deployed the test. Access the test’s contextual menu and select **Edit the Test Options**. Type a new number for **Number of Attempts** and **Submit**.

**USING THE MANUAL OVERRIDE TAB**

Use the **Manual Override** tab to assign a new grade for an item. Type a new grade in the **Override Grade** box.

You may also provide **Feedback to User** and **Grading Notes** and use the content editor functions to format the text and include files, images, links, multimedia, and mashups.

**USING THE COLUMN DETAILS TAB**

The Column Details tab presents the following information about a Grade Center column:

- Column Name
- Column Description
- Primary Display
- Show to Users
- Included in Calculations
- Average Score
- Median Score

**VIEWING THE GRADE HISTORY TAB**

The **Grade History** tab displays all of the changes you or a grader made to this item. A message appears if no grade history information is available.

By default, the two most recent actions appear. Click **View Complete History** to see more.

**USING THE ICON LEGEND**

Click **Icon Legend** to view the definitions of the icons displayed in the Grade Center cells.
INCLUDING COMMENTS WITH A GRADE ENTRY

You can include comments with a grade to give additional feedback to students on their performances. You can also use comments to expand on grading decisions, take notes for future reference, or share with other instructors, teaching assistants, and graders.

You can include comments with any grade entry. Provide comments during grading, after grading, or while working offline with a downloaded column.

Comments provided in the **Feedback to User** section are visible to students when a grade is made available.

Comments provided in the **Grading Notes** section are for your eyes only. Students and observers will not see these comments.

**HOW TO PROVIDE OR EDIT AN ATTEMPT COMMENT FROM THE GRADE CENTER**

Attempt comments relate to individual attempts. You can provide them without including a grade.

1. To access the contextual menu for a cell in the grid, move your mouse pointer over the cell.
2. Select **Attempt**.
3. Type comments in the **Feedback to User** or **Grading Notes** sections. Use the content editor functions to format the text and include files, images, links, multimedia, and mashups.
4. Click **Save and Exit** to return to the Grade Center or use the **Save and Next** and **View Previous** functions to navigate through the attempts in the queue.

You can also provide comments on the **Grade Details** page by clicking **View Attempt** or **Edit Grade**.
OVERRIDING GRADES

The roles of instructor, teaching assistant, and grader are allowed to change grades in a course. When you change grades, the new data is automatically figured into existing weighted, total, or calculated grade columns. Each time you change a grade, an entry is made in the grade history log.

Sometimes a grade change results in an override grade. A true override grade is applied to attempt-based Grade Center items only, which are tests, and assignments. An override grade for a test or an assignment takes precedence over all other grade entries, including attempts a student submits after an override grade is assigned. For example, if a grade is based on the average of multiple assignment attempts, but you want to be sure that the grade for a certain student is one other than the average, you can assign an override grade that takes precedence over all other grades and future attempts.

You can remove an override grade for a test or an assignment with the Revert function. Grades for the interactive tools—journal and blog entries, wiki page saves, and discussion posts—are not attempt-based, but rather activity-based. For these tools, you can edit an override grade to change it from the grading panel of the tool.

When you override a grade, an orange triangle appears in the Grade Center cell.

You can assign an override grade in two ways:

- Use the Manual Override tab on the Grade Details page. This is the recommended way to assign an override grade. After assigning the grade, you can add feedback for the user and notes for yourself explaining the grade change. You will have a record of why you chose to override any future attempts. The only way to assign an override grade for gradable journal and blog entries, wiki page saves, and discussion posts is on the Manual Override tab. However, the interactive tools allow you to edit an override grade from the tool's grading panel and disallow its precedence.
• Type directly in a Grade Center cell to assign an override grade for a test attempt or for an assignment attempt where multiple attempts are allowed. If an assignment only has one attempt, you can type directly in the Grade Center cell and that is not an override grade. However, if you allow two attempts and have assigned a grade for the first attempt, and then decide to ignore the second attempt by typing directly in the cell, that is an override grade. If you go on to grade the second attempt from the Grade Assignment page, the override grade still supersedes the second attempt grade you assign. Therefore, avoid assigning grades directly in Grade Center cells for assignments and tests without considering the ramifications first.

HOW TO OVERRIDE A GRADE FROM THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE

1. In the Grade Center, locate the cell containing the student’s graded test or assignment grade to override.

   NOTE: You may also assign override grades to graded activity in the interactive tools, but you can edit the override grade from the tool's grading panel to remove it.

2. Move the mouse pointer over the cell to access the contextual menu.

3. Select View Grade Details.

4. On the Grade Details page, select the Manual Override tab.

5. Type a new grade in the Override Grade text box.

6. Optionally, provide Feedback to User that explains the grade change and Grading Notes for yourself. Use the content editor functions to format the text and include files, images, links, multimedia, and mashups.

7. Click Save.

8. Click Return to Grade Center to go back to the main Grade Center page.

HOW TO REVERT AN OVERRIDE GRADE

You can use the Revert function to clear an override grade and display the previously assigned grade, if one exists -OR- the needs grading icon.

1. In the Grade Center, locate the cell containing the student’s override grade to revert.

2. Move the mouse pointer over the cell to the contextual menu.

3. Select View Grade Details.
4. On the Grade Details page, click Revert in the Current Grade section. A warning message appears asking you to confirm the action.

5. Click OK. The override grade is cleared. The action is recorded on the Grade History tab on this page. Whatever was in the Grade Center cell before assigning the override grade appears again: the previously assigned grade -OR- the Needs Grading icon.

6. Click Return to the Grade Center to go back to the main Grade Center page.
DELETING AND CLEARING GRADES

During your grading tasks, you may need to delete a grade or revert a grade back to its previous state. For example, you can reset a test to give a student who experienced technical problems another chance. You accomplish these tasks through the Grade Center. Grades that you delete have the override grade and associated comments deleted.

HOW TO DELETE A GRADE FROM THE GRADE CENTER PAGE

You can set grades to null by typing the NULL character (-) in the cell.

1. Click within the graded cell.
2. Press **DELETE** or **BACKSPACE** to delete the grade.
3. Press **ENTER**. If you do not press **ENTER** and attempt to exit the entry cell or Grade Center, a pop-up window appears asking if you want to save the grade entry. In the pop-up, click **OK** to save the grade.
4. Click **OK** to null the grade value. Grades you set to **NULL** display a dash (-).

HOW TO CLEAR AN ATTEMPT ON THE GRADE DETAILS PAGE

1. Access a graded item’s contextual menu and select **View Grade Details**.

2. On the **Grade Details** page, click **Clear Attempt** on the **Attempts** tab.

3. Click **OK**.

4. Click **Return to the Grade Center**.
In the Grade Center, you can calculate grades by combining multiple columns to attain performance results, such as class averages, final grades that are based on a weighted scale, or total points. These are called calculated columns. You can display these columns to students so they can view performance results or you can display them only in the Grade Center for your use. The available calculated columns include the following:

- **Total**: A calculated column that generates a grade based on the cumulative points earned, related to the points allowed.
- **Weighted**: A calculated column that generates a grade based on the result of selected columns and categories, and their respective percentages.
- **Average**: A calculated column that displays the average for a selected number of columns.
- **Minimum/Maximum**: A calculated column that displays either the minimum or maximum grade for a selection of columns.

New courses contain a total column and a weighted total column by default.

**ABOUT EXEMPTING GRADES**

You can exempt students from any grade item in the Grade Center. You might exempt grades for students who transfer to your institution, add a course late, or require other accommodations. You might also exempt students from a grade because their performance is superior and you want to reward their work.

Existing grades that you exempt are not deleted, but are ignored in all total and statistical calculations. No secondary display value appears for exempt items.

Exemptions you add for system-generated columns are saved as the override grade. Exemptions you add for manually created columns are saved as the grade for the column when no override grade exists.

You exempt grades on the main Grade Center page or on the **Grade Details** page. When you exempt a grade, an exempted icon appears in the cell of the exempted grade. You can include comments for an exempted grade.

**HOW TO EXEMPT A GRADE**

1. From the Grade Center, access an item’s contextual menu.
2. Select **Exempt Grade**.
   - OR -
3. Access the item’s contextual menu and select **View Grade Details**.
4. On the **Grade Details** page, click **Exempt**. Optionally, provide feedback or grading notes on the **Manual Override** page.

To clear the exemption, access the item’s contextual menu and select **Clear Exemption**.

**HOW TO ADD COMMENTS TO AN EXEMPTION**

1. Access the item’s contextual menu and select **Quick Comment**.

2. Type comments in **Feedback to User** and **Grading Notes**.

3. Click **Submit**.
SENDING EMAIL FROM THE GRADE CENTER

From the Grade Center, you can communicate with students and their observers. This form of direct contact allows you to actively communicate with relevant parties while engaged in grading in the Grade Center. Your immediate feedback can quickly lead to intervention if required, promoting positive outcomes for students.

You can send email to multiple users at one time or individually.

HOW TO SEND EMAIL TO MULTIPLE USERS

1. In the Grade Center, select the check boxes of students you want to email.
2. On the action bar, point to Email and select the type of recipients: Email Selected Users, Email Selected Users and their Observers, or Email Observers for Selected Users.
3. Provide the Subject and Message.
4. Select Include list of recipients to show the names of who will receive this email in the copy sent to the instructor.
5. Click Attach a file to include an attachment with your message.
6. Click Submit.

NOTE: Although an email is sent to the selected group, each individual recipient is not aware of the other recipients.

HOW TO SEND EMAIL TO INDIVIDUAL USERS

1. Access a user's contextual menu and select Email User.
2. Provide the Subject and Message.
3. Click Attach a file to include an attachment to the message.
4. Click Submit.
VIEWING GRADE CENTER STATISTICS

In the Grade Center, you can view various statistical information related to a column and any user. The Column Statistics page displays numerous statistics for a grade item, including average, median, and standard deviation. The User Statistics page displays a student’s statistics in various categories.

NOTE: The statistics pages are read-only. You cannot edit grades or other information from this page.

ABOUT THE USER STATISTICS PAGE

The User Statistics page displays a student’s statistics in the various categories. In the Grade Center, access a user’s contextual menu and select View User Statistics.

On the User Statistics page, the following student details appear:

- **User**: First name, last name, and username
- **Student ID**: The student ID number
- **Contact**: Contact information including address, home and work phone numbers, and email address. This information is generated from what a student has chosen to share.
- **Items Completed**: The percentage and total number of items completed in your course as of the present time and date.

The following table details the Category Statistics that appear on the User Statistics page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>All the possible categories in the Grade Center, both created and default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td>The percentage value average of a particular category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graded</td>
<td>The number of graded Items of a particular category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Progress</td>
<td>The number of graded Items that are in progress or incomplete.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Needs Grading</td>
<td>The number of graded Items that have not been graded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exempt</td>
<td>The number of Items that are exempt from grading.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![User Statistics Page Example](image)
NAVIGATING THE USER STATISTICS PAGE

To view another user's data while on the User Statistics page, select the appropriate student name from the User drop-down list and click Go.

Use the left and right arrows to move alphabetically to the previous or next student.

You can send students emails from this page using the email link in the Contact section.

To change the statistics you can view on this page, select a view from the Show Statistics For drop-down list and click Refresh. By default, the full view of the Grade Center is shown, but if a particular view is selected, then those statistics are shown.

UNDERSTANDING THE COLUMN STATISTICS

The following table explains the Column Statistics page. This page displays numerous statistics for a grade item, including average, median, and standard deviation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Column</td>
<td>The column in the Grade Center you are currently viewing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Points Possible</td>
<td>The points possible for this column.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>The description of the column provided when the column was created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Statistics</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td>Number of graded items in the calculations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Value</td>
<td>The lowest value of all graded columns in the Grade Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Deviation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Status Distribution</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Deviation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variance</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grade Distribution</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Deviation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Value</strong></td>
<td>The highest value of all graded columns in the Grade Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Range</strong></td>
<td>The numeric range between the highest grade and the lowest grade for an item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Average</strong></td>
<td>The statistical average of the item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Median</strong></td>
<td>The midpoint score of the items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard Deviation</strong></td>
<td>The difference between the values of the item and the average of the item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Variance</strong></td>
<td>A statistical measure of the spread or variation of the items.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Status Distribution**

| **Null** | The number of null student grade columns or calculated columns. |
| **In Progress** | The number of student items in progress. |
| **Needs Grading** | The number of student items that need grading. |
| **Exempt** | The number of student items that are exempt. |
| **Grade Distribution** | A table displaying the statistics for the grading schema ranges of the items. |

**HOW TO VIEW STATISTICS BY COLUMN**

1. In the Grade Center, access an item's contextual menu.
2. Select **Column Statistics**.

**HOW TO INCLUDE UNAVAILABLE STUDENTS ON THE COLUMN STATISTICS PAGE**

1. In the **Show Statistics** For drop-down list, select **All Users**.
   - Click **Refresh**.

**NAVIGATING COLUMNS ON THE COLUMN STATISTICS PAGE**

On the **Column Statistics** page, you can change the current column displaying statistics to another column in the Grade Center. To view another column, select the appropriate column from the **Column** drop-down list and click **Go**.

Use the left and right arrows to move to the previous or next column.
USING SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

As you provide and view grades, you are obtaining information on how students are performing in your course. You can tailor your view of student progress by creating smart views. A smart view is a focused look at the Grade Center. It shows only the columns that match a set of criteria, and the view is saved for continued use. When the Grade Center includes a great number of students and columns, you can use smart views to quickly find data.

Several smart views are available by default, but you can also create your own. You can easily move between the Full Grade Center view and any of the available smart views. You can set a smart view as the default view of the Grade Center and change it at any time.

With smart views, you can view the progress of the following:

- An existing group
- Student performance for a particular item
- Individual students
- Category and status of items
- Custom combination of attributes

Example: Tracking Low Scores

You create a smart view to track students with low scores to quickly see which students need help. You can email these students directly from the Grade Center or decide to create remedial materials or alternative assessments for them.

Example: Assessment Comparison

You create a smart view to display only two columns in the Grade Center grid: a calculated total column for tests and a calculated total column for assignments. You can compare the two columns to gauge how students are performing on each type of assessment.

VIEWING SMART VIEWS IN THE CONTROL PANEL

In the Grade Center section of the Control Panel, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order as an indented list in the Full Grade Center section. In a new course, the Assignments and Tests smart views appear in the list by default. When you click the Assignments link, the Grade Center page opens and only assignment columns appear in the grid. When you click the Full Grade Center link, all the columns appear in the grid.

You can tag smart views as favorites so they appear in the list, allowing you to easily navigate from one view to another. At any time, you can remove a smart view from the list.
HOW TO ACCESS THE SMART VIEWS LIST IN THE GRADE CENTER

Several default smart views appear in a new course. Each smart view allows you to access a set of columns in the Grade Center grid. For example, when you access the Tests smart view, only test columns appear in the grid. When you enable grading for blogs, journals, and discussions, those grade columns appear when you access the appropriate smart view. The default smart views include:

- Assignments
- Blogs
- Discussion Boards
- Final Grade View: Displays all columns, including the default total and weighted total columns
- Journals
- Preview of My Grades: Displays all columns visible to students
- Self and Peer Assessments
- Tests
- Wikis (when the tool is available and a wiki has been created)

Use the following steps to access the list of smart views.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Smart Views.
3. On the Smart Views page, the list of smart views appears. In the Type column, all default smart views are designated as System. When you create your own smart views, Custom appears in the Type column.
4. Click a smart view title to open the Grade Center with the appropriate columns in the grid.

You can edit and copy default system smart views, but you cannot delete them. Access a smart view’s contextual menu for options.

To sort the Title column, click the column heading or caret. If you have many smart views, click Edit Paging to change the number of items to view per page. Click Show All to display all items on one page.
HOW TO ADD SMART VIEWS TO THE FAVORITE LIST

You can add smart views to the favorites list on the Control Panel so you can access them easily.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Smart Views.
3. On the Smart Views page, click the star icon (⭐) in the Add as Favorite column.
   -OR-
   Select one or multiple check boxes, click Favorites on the action bar to access the drop-down list, and select Add to Favorites.
4. In the Grade Center section of the Control Panel, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the Full Grade Center section.

DELETING FAVORITE SMART VIEWS

If you do not want a smart view to appear on the Control Panel, click the smart view’s star ⭐ to clear it.

-OR-
Select one or multiple check boxes, click Favorites on the action bar to access the drop-down list and select Remove from Favorites.

HOW TO EDIT, COPY, OR DELETE SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can edit and copy default system smart views, but you cannot delete them. For example, you can edit the Tests smart view and change the Filter Results so only test columns with a Completed status appear in the Grade Center grid. If you create a smart view, you can delete it.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Smart Views.
3. On the Smart Views page, access a smart view's contextual menu.
4. Select Edit to make changes to a smart view, such as renaming or selecting different criteria.
Select **Delete** to remove a smart view you created. Removing a smart view does not delete any data from the Grade Center.

**-OR-**

Select **Copy** to create a copy of an existing smart view. “Copy of” appears in the title of the copied smart view on the Smart Views page. Select **Edit** to make changes to the copy, such as renaming or selecting different criteria. You can delete copies you create.

*NOTE*: If you copy a smart view that is a favorite, your copy is added automatically to the favorite list and appears in the **Control Panel**. Click the star in the Add as Favorite column to remove it from the favorite list.

**ABOUT THE TYPES OF SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER**

You can create five types of smart views in the Grade Center.

- **Course Group**: Subsections of students. You must create course groups before you can use them as selection criteria.
- **Performance**: Student performance on a single item, such as a test.
- **User**: Individual students.
- **Category and Status**: Based on a category, user or users, and grade status. For example, you can select the *Blog* category, one or more users or groups, and a status, such as *Completed*.
- **Custom**: A query for selecting students using a combination of attributes.
HOW TO CREATE COURSE GROUP SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can create smart views that are based on groups you create in your course. You can use the course groups in two ways to create smart views.

- Students use the groups to collaborate with other students and complete group assignments. You create smart views to track their progress.
- You create a group to track a set of students who are not performing well on assignments and tests. You make the group unavailable to students and use it only to view data in the Grade Center.

Use the following steps to create a course group smart view.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Smart Views.
3. On the Smart Views page, click Create Smart View on the action bar.
4. On the Create Smart Views page, type a Name for the smart view and provide an optional Description. The description can assist with identifying the smart view.
5. Optionally, select the Add as Favorite check box to make the smart view a favorite. In the Grade Center section of the Control Panel, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the Full Grade Center section.
6. For Type of View, select Course Group.
7. In the Condition drop-down list, select Equal to or Not Equal to.
8. In the Value box, select the group or groups. If no groups exist, the selection box is empty.
9. In the Filter Results drop-down list, select which columns, categories, or grading periods you want to appear in the Grade Center grid when you access the smart view. For example, when tracking a specific group, you can narrow your view of columns appearing in the Grade Center by filtering the results by a category, such as Tests, or view only specific group assignment columns.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Columns</td>
<td>All Grade Center columns that are not hidden on the Column Organization page appear when accessing the Smart View, including columns that you have hidden from users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None (Show user information only)</td>
<td>No grade columns are selected. Only user columns, such as Last Name, appear when accessing the smart view. If you chose to hide some user columns from view, they do not appear when accessing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All columns shown to users</td>
<td>All columns set to appear to users and those that you have not hidden on the Column Organization page appear in the Grade Center grid when accessing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All columns hidden from users</td>
<td>All columns appear that are hidden from users. Each column has the Column Not Visible to Users icon in the column heading when accessing the smart view. Columns that you hid on the Column Organization page do not appear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns Only</td>
<td>Select columns from the list of columns that appears.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Categories Only</td>
<td>Select the categories from the list of categories that appears.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Grading Periods Only</td>
<td>Select grading periods from the list of grading periods that appears.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. If the Include Hidden Information check box appears, you can select it to display hidden columns pertaining to the filter. When viewing the smart view, the columns you hid on the Column Organization page appear in the grid also.

11. Click Submit.

The course group smart view appears on the Smart Views page. Click the title to display it in the Grade Center grid.

**NOTE:** When you create a smart view, Custom appears in the Type column.

**HOW TO CREATE PERFORMANCE SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER**

You can create smart views that are based on student performance for a single item, such as a test.

1. In the Grade Center, point to Manage on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select Smart Views.
3. On the Smart Views page, click Create Smart View on the action bar.
4. On the **Create Smart Views** page, type a **Name** for the smart view and provide an optional **Description**. The description can assist with identifying the smart view.

5. Optionally, select the **Add as Favorite** check box to make the smart view a favorite. In the **Grade Center** section of the **Control Panel**, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the **Full Grade Center** section.

6. For **Type of View**, select **Performance**.

7. In the **User Criteria** drop-down list, select a Grade Center column.

8. In the **Condition** drop-down list, select one of the following options:
   - Equal to
   - Greater than
   - Greater than or Equal to
   - Less than
   - Less than or Equal to
   - Between
   - Status Equals

9. In the **Value** box, type a score or scores, or select a status, such as **Needs Grading** or **Completed**.

10. In the **Filter Results** drop-down list, select which columns, categories, or grading periods you want to appear in the Grade Center grid when you access the smart view. For example, if you select the third test column in the **User Criteria** section, you can filter the results against the first two test columns. Then, you can determine if the third test was significantly more difficult as reported by students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>All Columns</strong></td>
<td>All Grade Center columns that are not hidden on the Column Organization page appear when accessing the smart view, including columns that you have hidden from users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>None (Show user)</strong></td>
<td>No grade columns are selected. Only user columns, such as Last</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. If the **Include Hidden Information** check box appears, you can select it to display hidden columns pertaining to the filter. When viewing the smart view, the columns you hid on the **Column Organization** page appear in the grid also.

12. Click **Submit**.

The performance smart view appears on the **Smart Views** page. Click the title to display it in the Grade Center grid.

**NOTE:** When you create a smart view, **Custom** appears in the **Type** column.

### HOW TO CREATE USER SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can create smart views to display all or selected grade columns for specific users.

**Example:** Track Student Progress

If several students are taking your course without completing a prerequisite course, you can create a smart view to track their work as the term progresses. You can use this data to determine if you will allow students to enroll in your course without the required foundation course in the future.

1. In the Grade Center, point to **Manage** on the action bar to access the drop-down list.

2. **Select Smart Views.**

3. On the **Smart Views** page, click **Create Smart View** on the action bar.
4. On the **Create Smart Views** page, type a **Name** for the smart view and provide an optional **Description**. The description can assist with identifying the smart view.

![Create Smart Views](image1)

5. Optionally, select the **Add as Favorite** check box to make the smart view a favorite. In the Grade Center section of the **Control Panel**, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the **Full Grade Center** section.

6. For **Type of View**, select **User**.

![Type of View](image2)

7. In the **Users** drop-down list, select:
   - **All Users** to include results for all students.
   - **Selected Users** to select individual students.

![Users drop-down list](image3)

8. In the **Filter Results** drop-down list, select which columns, categories, or grading periods you want to appear in the Grade Center grid when you access the smart view. For example, you can select **All Users** and narrow your view of columns appearing in the Grade Center by filtering the results by a category, such as **Tests**. Or, you can select a single or multiple test columns to display in the grid to compare student progress.

![Filter Results](image4)
### Options Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Columns</td>
<td>All Grade Center columns that are <em>not</em> hidden on the Column Organization page appear when accessing the smart view, including columns that you have hidden from users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None (Show user information only)</td>
<td>No grade columns are selected. Only user columns, such as Last Name, appear when accessing the smart view. If you chose to hide some user columns from view, they do not appear when accessing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All columns shown to users</td>
<td>All columns set to appear to users and those that you have <em>not</em> hidden on the Column Organization page appear in the Grade Center grid when accessing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All columns hidden from users</td>
<td>All columns appear that are hidden from users. Each column has the Column Not Visible to Users (☐) icon in the column heading when accessing the smart view. Columns that you hid on the Column Organization page do not appear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns Only</td>
<td>Select columns from the list of columns that appears.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Categories Only</td>
<td>Select the categories from the list of categories that appears.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Grading Periods Only</td>
<td>Select grading periods from the list of grading periods that appears.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. If the Include Hidden Information check box appears, you can select it to display hidden columns pertaining to the filter. When viewing the smart view, the columns you hid on the Column Organization page appear in the grid also.

10. Click Submit.

The user smart view appears on the Smart Views page. Click the title to display it in the Grade Center grid.

*NOTE:* When you create a smart view, Custom appears in the Type column.

### HOW TO CREATE CATEGORY AND STATUS SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

You can create smart views that display columns based on a specific category, selected users or groups, and a grading status.

**Example:** Assignments Not Attempted

Use a smart view to display only the assignment columns in the Grade Center grid with a Not Attempted grading status. You can contact those students to remind them of deadlines or offer help.

**Example:** All Unit Tests

For a specific group in your course, create a smart view to display all the unit test columns in the Grade Center grid with a Completed grading status. Then, you can determine if a study session is needed before the final test.
Use the following steps to create a category and status smart view.

1. In the Grade Center, point to **Manage** on the action bar to access the drop-down list.

2. Select **Smart Views**.

3. On the **Smart Views** page, click **Create Smart View** on the action bar.

4. On the **Create Smart Views** page, type a **Name** for the smart view and provide an optional **Description**. The description can assist with identifying the smart view.

5. Optionally, select the **Add as Favorite** check box to make the smart view a favorite. In the **Grade Center** section of the **Control Panel**, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the **Full Grade Center** section.

6. For **Type of View**, select **Category** and **Status**.

7. In the **Categories** drop-down list, select a category, such as **Assignment** or **Test**. Categories you have created appear in this list also.

8. In the **Users** drop-down list, select:
   - **All Users** to include results for all students. Select the Include Hidden User Information check box to display the user rows you hid from view in the Full Grade Center.
   - **Selected Users** to select individual students.
   - **Selected Groups** to select individual groups. If no groups exist, the selection box is empty.

9. In the **Filter Results** drop-down list, select a grading status from the following list:
   - All Statuses
   - Completed
   - Edited Manually
   - Exempt
   - In progress
   - Needs Grading
10. Click Submit.

The category and status smart view appears on the Smart Views page. Click the title to display it in the Grade Center grid.

NOTE: When you create a smart view, Custom appears in the Type column.

ABOUT CUSTOM SMART VIEWS IN THE GRADE CENTER

Custom smart views allow you to use a variety of criteria in one formula. These smart views are based on complex search queries provided in the Formula Editor. Detailed smart views can help you build a comprehensive organization of Grade Center data.

ABOUT THE FORMULA EDITOR

When creating a custom smart view, you can use multiple user criteria. By default, as each criterion is added, it is assigned a number and appears in the Formula Editor box. The numbers are connected by AND. Each criterion that is added can have a condition such as Equal to, Greater than, and Less than. Each condition requires a value to compare with the condition. For example, you can view scores that are Less than (condition) 60 (value) on a test.

After you add the criteria, the formula for the query is represented by a statement: 1 AND 2 AND 3. Use the Manually Edit function below the Formula Editor box to edit the formula to change the operators (AND and OR) and to insert parentheticals to change the way the formula is completed.

Example:

You are teaching a course in which the midterm and final tests account for the majority of the semester grade. Of the 40 students enrolled in your course, 30 have declared a major in your subject. You are interested in how the other 10 students perform on your tests.

You enroll these 10 students in 2 course groups that are unavailable to students and only used for Grade Center calculations:

- Non-majors
- High school students receiving college credit

The following table lists the criteria used in this smart view.
### Formula Value | Description
---|---
1 | Midterm test grade is less than 60 (failure cut off).
2 | Final test grade is less than 60 (failure cut off).
3 | Non-major group: Students who have a declared major that is not the subject your course is related to or who have not declared any major.
4 | High school students group: Students who are enrolled in high school, but taking your college course. They receive high school and college credit for your course.

You want your smart view to display which students scored below 60 on either exam and whether they are in one of the groups. This data provides information about whether there is a difference in the failure rates of the two groups. When creating a custom smart view, you manually create the formula in the **Formula Editor** box to gather this information.

For this smart view, you use the following formula:

\((1 \text{ OR } 2) \text{ AND } (3 \text{ OR } 4)\)

Using the OR operator between 1 and 2 displays students who did poorly on **either** test. If you use the AND operator, your results show students who did poorly on **both** tests and, therefore, omit students who score less than 60 on only one test.

When viewing the smart view in the Grade Center grid, only students who meet the criteria set by your formula appear: students who scored less than 60 on the midterm test (1) or the final test (2) AND are non-majors (3) or high school students (4). In this scenario, two test columns and up to ten rows (the number of students in the two groups) appear. If two students fail either of the tests, two user rows appear in the grid.

### How to Create Custom Smart Views Using the Formula Editor in the Grade Center

You can create smart views that allow you to use a variety of criteria in one formula.

1. In the Grade Center, point to **Manage** on the action bar to access the drop-down list.
2. Select **Smart Views**.
3. On the **Smart Views** page, click **Create Smart View** on the action bar.
4. On the **Create Smart Views** page, type a **Name** for the smart view and provide an optional **Description**. The description can assist with identifying the smart view.
5. Optionally, select the Add as Favorite check box to make the smart view a favorite. In the Grade Center section of the Control Panel, favorite smart views appear in alphabetical order in the indented list in the Full Grade Center section.

6. For Type of View, select Custom.

7. In the Select Criteria section, make selections and provide values:
   - In the User Criteria drop-down list, make a selection, such as a group, a grade column, or last access.
   - In the Condition drop-down list, make a selection, such as Equal to or Less than, or select Status Equals.
   - In the Value box, type a score or scores, or select a grading status for the condition.
   *NOTE:* As data is selected, a query formula is built in the Formula Editor box. The first set of criteria is labeled "1."

8. To add a second set of criteria, click Add User Criteria and make additional selections. The second set of criteria is labeled "2." Continue to add more criteria as needed.

9. Click Manually Edit to change the operators (AND and OR) and insert parentheses to edit the formula.

10. In the Filter Results drop-down list, select which columns, categories, or grading periods you want to appear in the Grade Center grid when you access the smart view. For example, you can choose to view only the columns that are used in the formula.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Columns Used in Criteria</strong></td>
<td>Only the columns selected in the Select Criteria section appear when viewing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>All Columns</strong></td>
<td>All Grade Center columns that are not hidden on the Column Organization page appear when accessing the Smart View, including columns that you have hidden from users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>None (Show user information only)</strong></td>
<td>No grade columns are selected. Only user columns, such as Last Name, appear when accessing the smart view. If you chose to hide some user columns from view, they do not appear when accessing the smart view.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. If the Include Hidden Information check box appears, you can select it to display hidden columns pertaining to the filter. When viewing the smart view, the columns you hid on the Column Organization page appear in the grid also.

12. Click Submit.

The custom smart view appears on the Smart Views page. Click the title to display it in the Grade Center grid.

*NOTE*: When you create a smart view, Custom appears in the Type column.

**HOW TO FILTER THE GRADE CENTER USING A SMART VIEW**

You can use the Filter function and a selected smart view to narrow your view of the Grade Center grid.

1. In the Grade Center, click Filter on the action bar.

2. In the expanded Filter field, point to Current View to access the drop-down list.

3. Select a smart view.

   *NOTE*: After you create a filtered view, you can lock it and use it as the default view. Click Set Current View as Default next to the Current View drop-down list to lock the view. You can change this at any time. Click the X to close the Filter field.

4. The smart view’s columns appear in the grid.
.UPLOADING OR DOWNLOADING GRADE CENTER ITEMS FOR WORKING OFFLINE

To eliminate potential double entry of Grade Center data, you can perform offline grading and import grades into the Grade Center. You can also upload grades from external sources such as an Excel spreadsheet or a comma separated values (CSV) file. You must format data specifically to upload correctly and to synchronize with existing Grade Center data.

FORMATTING EXTERNAL FILES FOR UPLOADING

To synchronize external data to Grade Center data, unique identifiers are necessary for each student and for each column in the Grade Center. The unique identifier used for each student is the student’s user name. The unique identifier for each column is a column ID number. Column ID numbers are generated by the system and should not be changed or deleted. Columns that do not have column ID numbers in an uploaded file will create new columns in the Grade Center.

Columns that you add to the Grade Center from an external file are added as text columns with points possible equaling zero (0). Text columns cannot be included in calculated columns, such as weighted, total, average, and minimum/maximum. Convert text columns to other columns types and add points possible by editing the column after the upload.

Each data file you upload to the Grade Center requires a header row with one record per line subsequently.

The format of the data file uploaded to the Grade Center is determined by the type of delimiter you use to parse the data into separate columns. Data files are tab delimited with a file extension of XLS or comma delimited with a file extension of CSV.

Data in each column of comma-delimited files (file extension of CSV) must be contained within a quote character, the most common being quotation marks (" "). Data in each column of tab-delimited files does not require a quote character.

TIPS FOR WORKING WITH EXTERNAL DATA

Blackboard recommends using tab-delimited files for uploading into the Grade Center to avoid having to use quote characters and because tab-delimited files open directly in Microsoft Excel. Tab-delimited files will also open directly in Microsoft Excel.

To obtain a file that is formatted correctly for uploading, download the full Grade Center first and open it in a text editor or spreadsheet application. Existing columns will have column ID numbers that must be included in future uploads.
HOW TO DOWNLOAD GRADES FROM THE GRADE CENTER

You can download full or partial data from the Grade Center. Once downloaded, grades and comments accessed through the Quick Comment feature or Manual Override page can be changed and added offline and later uploaded to the Grade Center.

1. On the action bar, point to Work Offline and select Download.
2. Select the data to download:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full Grade Center</td>
<td>Contains all columns and associated data. Comments will not be included, and you cannot add them offline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Column</td>
<td>From the drop-down list, select one column and its data. Select the check box to Include comments for this Column, which will download comments from the Quick Comment feature or Manual Override page. You can edit included comment text offline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User information</td>
<td>Columns containing student data such as username are included.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Select the file delimiter, Comma or Tab.
4. Select whether to Include Hidden Information in the downloaded data. Hidden information includes columns and students who have been hidden from the view in the downloaded file.
5. Select the location for the download. Click Browse to select a folder in the Content Collection.
6. Click Submit.
7. On the next Download Grades page, click Download and save the file. Do not change the file name while saving because the Grade Center needs the information it contains to deliver it to the appropriate column when uploading.
HOW TO UPLOAD A FILE TO THE GRADE CENTER

It is recommended that you download the Grade Center before you start entering grades into a spreadsheet. This will ensure that you have all of the required information for Blackboard to process when you upload your grades.

1. On the action bar, point to **Work Offline** and select **Upload**.
2. Browse for the file. Files are uploaded from your computer, or from the Content Collection.
3. Select the delimiter type: **Comma**, **Tab**, or **Auto**. Choosing **Auto** attempts to automatically detect the delimiter used in the selected file.
4. Click **Submit** to upload the selected file.
5. Review the list of data from the file to be uploaded on the **Upload Grades Confirmation** page. Clear the check boxes for any data to be excluded from the upload. Using this method, it is possible to upload only the columns of data you want from the file.

Review the **Data Preview** column to be sure the correct data is being uploaded. Data that appears incorrectly can denote an improperly formatted file. The data preview will only show a sample of the data in each column in the file.

6. Large files take significant time to process and a warning message appears for any files that need extra time to process. To avoid long processing times, break up large files into separate uploads.
7. Click **Submit** to confirm and upload the file.

**NOTE**: Any file you upload that contains an "Incomplete" for a grade entry will be set to null, with no grade or text displayed. Any file you upload that contains "Complete" for a grade entry will be set to an override grade of the maximum points possible (100% for a grade item) in a column that has the primary display of Complete/incomplete. Any file you upload that contains a numeric entry will be a numeric entry.

WORKING OFFLINE

After the file is downloaded and opened in the appropriate editing software, you can make changes. If you download the full Grade Center, you can change and add grades, and save the file for uploading. If you downloaded a single column, you can add or change grades and comments, and save the file for uploading.
EDITING COMMENTS

Comments will be downloaded only when you select a single Grade Center item and the option to include its associated comments. The comments downloaded and uploaded will be for the grade (accessed in the Quick Comment feature or Manually Override page) and not the attempt (accessed in the View Attempt or grading pages).

Four comment-related columns are included in the downloaded file. If you added comments online, those will be included in the download. Otherwise, you may add comments offline and upload them to the full Grade Center to appear in the Manually Override or Quick Comments areas.

Add or edit comments in the Grading Notes and Feedback to User columns.

Links within comments to rich media, such as images or sound files, should be inserted and edited online.

When your editing to grades and comments is complete, save the file, return to the full Grade Center, and click Work Offline > Upload.

COMMENT-RELATED COLUMNS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grading Notes</td>
<td>Grade Center column-specific comments visible only to an instructor or TA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes Format</td>
<td>Smart Text, Plain Text, or HTML.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback to User</td>
<td>Grade Center column-specific comments visible to students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback Format</td>
<td>Smart Text, Plain Text, or HTML.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FEEDBACK FORMAT OPTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Format Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smart Text</td>
<td>Automatically recognizes a link, the ENTER key as a paragraph tag, and accepts HTML tags.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plain Text</td>
<td>Displays text as it is written in the text area. Plain text does not render HTML code. HTML code will appear as text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTML</td>
<td>Displays text as coded by the user using HTML tags.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WORKING WITH GRADE CENTER REPORTS

You can create printable reports for your courses and students. You can also create a progress report that contains all of the grades from a particular grading period for a defined group of students in a class, such as special-needs students or transfer students. You can print this report and hand it out to each student, parent, or guardian.

ABOUT GRADE CENTER REPORTS

- In reports, you can include all or a number of students, groups, and grade or calculated columns, a grading period, or all of the columns in a category.
- You can customize reports in a variety of ways, including report header and footer information. You can also include a signature line, date, and course information.
- When printing, only one student per page is allowed.
- You can only choose students within one section to appear in a report. You must run a separate report for each section.

HOW TO CREATE A REPORT

1. On the action bar, point to Reports and select Create Report.
2. Select information to include in the Header Information of the report and type in the appropriate fields.
3. Select the users to include in the report:
   - All Users: All students in your course are included.
   - All Users in Group: Select a group to include. You must create groups before creating a report.
   - Selected Users: Select one or more students in your course. To select multiple students, press the SHIFT key and click the first and last items.
To select items out of sequence, press the CTRL key and click each item needed. For Macs, press the COMMAND key instead of the CTRL key.

4. Select the check box if you want to Include Hidden Users in Reports.

5. Select the User Information to include in the report.

6. Select the Columns to include in the report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Columns</td>
<td>Select to include all of the Grade Center columns in the report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Columns in Grading</td>
<td>Select to display all of the columns of a particular grading period in the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period</td>
<td>report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Columns in Category</td>
<td>Select to display all of the columns of a particular category. Select a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>category to display the category’s columns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Columns</td>
<td>Select the columns to display in the report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include Hidden Columns</td>
<td>Click this check box to display any column that was hidden from the Grade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in Reports</td>
<td>Center view.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Select the column information to include in the report. The column name and current grade appear automatically in the report, and you cannot delete these.

- **Description**: Select to display the column’s description in the report.
- **Due Date**: Select to display the column’s due date in the report.
- **Statistics**: Click and select to display the class **Average**, **Median**, or **Both** for each calculated column of grade column included in the report.
8. Select the footer information to include in the footer of the report. Choose from the following:
   - **Custom Text**: Select and provide text to appear in the footer section of the report.
   - **Signature Line**: Select to display a signature line on the report.
   - **Date**: Select to display the report creation date on the report. You can edit this.
   - **Course Information**: Select to display the course name and course ID on the report.

9. Click **Preview** to open the report in a new browser window, leaving the report creation browser open.

10. Click **Submit**. The report appears in a new browser window, but the report creation browser window will return to the Grade Center page.

**SAVING OR PRINTING A REPORT**

To save a report, use your browser's Save As function and choose the save location. The report will be saved as an HTML file, which can be opened using any compatible web browser.

To print a report, use your browser's print function. Select the appropriate options, including the printer location, paper, duplexing (if available), and so on.

Note: For more information on how to save or print displayed content, see your browser's online help.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internet Explorer Example</th>
<th>Firefox Example</th>
<th>Chrome Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Internet Explorer" /></td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Firefox" /></td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Chrome" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>